

# CALIFORNIA CLEAN VESSEL ACT PUMPOUT AND DUMP STATION PERFORMANCE REPORT 2023



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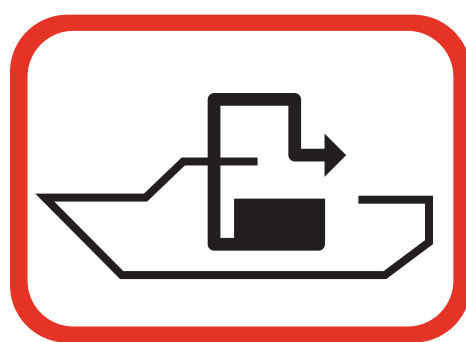
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Front cover image: Morning Light in Dana Point Harbor  
 Design by Yuju Yeo, All My Sisters



## PURPOSE

This California Clean Vessel Act Pumpout and Dump Station Performance Report highlights findings on the condition and operational status of pumpout and dump stations during 2023. Discharging sewage overboard creates environmental and human health problems, especially in California, a state with more than four million recreational boaters. To reduce the negative impacts of discharging sewage overboard, all boaters are encouraged to use sewage management facilities such as pumpout stations, dump stations, floating restrooms, and mobile pumpout services.



Pumpout unit logo



Dump station unit logo

## KEY PARTNERS

### NORTHERN CALIFORNIA



San Francisco Estuary Partnership (SFEP), a National Estuary Program, has monitored pumpout stations and dump stations throughout the San Francisco Bay, Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta, and Monterey Bay regions since 2008.

[www.sfestuary.org/boating](http://www.sfestuary.org/boating) / (415) 778-6687

### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA



The Bay Foundation (TBF), a 501(c)3 non-profit organization has monitored pumpout stations and dump stations from Santa Barbara to San Diego County since 2008. Morro Bay National Estuary Program (MBNEP) has monitored pumpout units in San Luis Obispo County since 2019.

[www.santamonicabay.org](http://www.santamonicabay.org) / (888) 301-2527

The Santa Monica Bay National Estuary Program (SMBNEP) is one of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's 28 National Estuary Programs, dedicated to protecting and restoring water quality and the ecological integrity of estuaries of national significance. This report furthers the objectives and goals of the SMBNEP's Comprehensive Conservation and Management Plan. [www.smbnep.org](http://www.smbnep.org).

## FUNDING



Funding for this project is provided by a grant from California State Parks Division of Boating and Waterways (DBW) through the federal Clean Vessel Act (CVA) grant program. This program provides grants to both public and private boating facilities for up to 75 percent of the construction, renovation, operation, and maintenance of pumpout and dump stations to service recreational vessels. It is funded by the Sport Fish Restoration and Boating Trust Fund, and administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. For more information, visit [dbw.parks.ca.gov](http://dbw.parks.ca.gov), call (888) 326-2822, or contact: California State Parks Division of Boating and Waterways P.O. Box 942896, Sacramento, CA 94296.

## KEY OBJECTIVES

DBW annually awards two geographically bound Clean Vessel Act Education and Outreach Grants, focused on educating recreational boaters on boat sewage and its proper disposal.

The objectives of the education and outreach program are to inform recreational boating communities about sewage-related issues and impacts, available resources, proper vessel sewage disposal practices that encourage the use of pumpout stations, dump stations, and mobile pumpout services, and educate boating facility operators about the availability of DBW grants to install and maintain publicly-accessible pumpout and dump stations on site. An additional objective of the CVA Education and Outreach Grant Program is to assist DBW in determining the operational status, repair needs, and usage of pumpout and dump stations via triannual monitoring.

Awardees SFEP and TBF accomplish these goals and objectives through direct outreach, collaboration, and technical support.

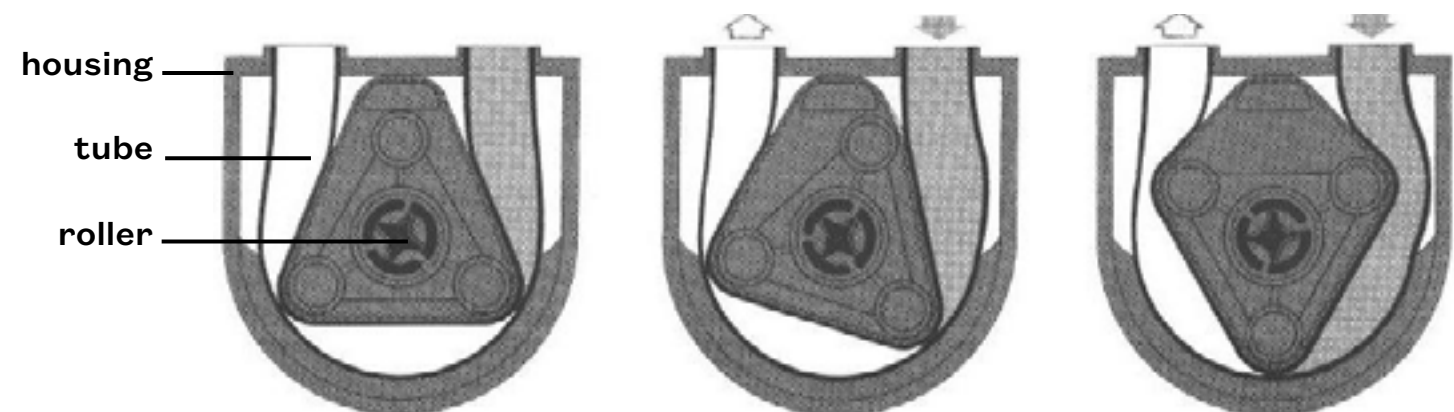


# PUMP TYPES

There are three primary types of pumps used in a sewage pumpout system.

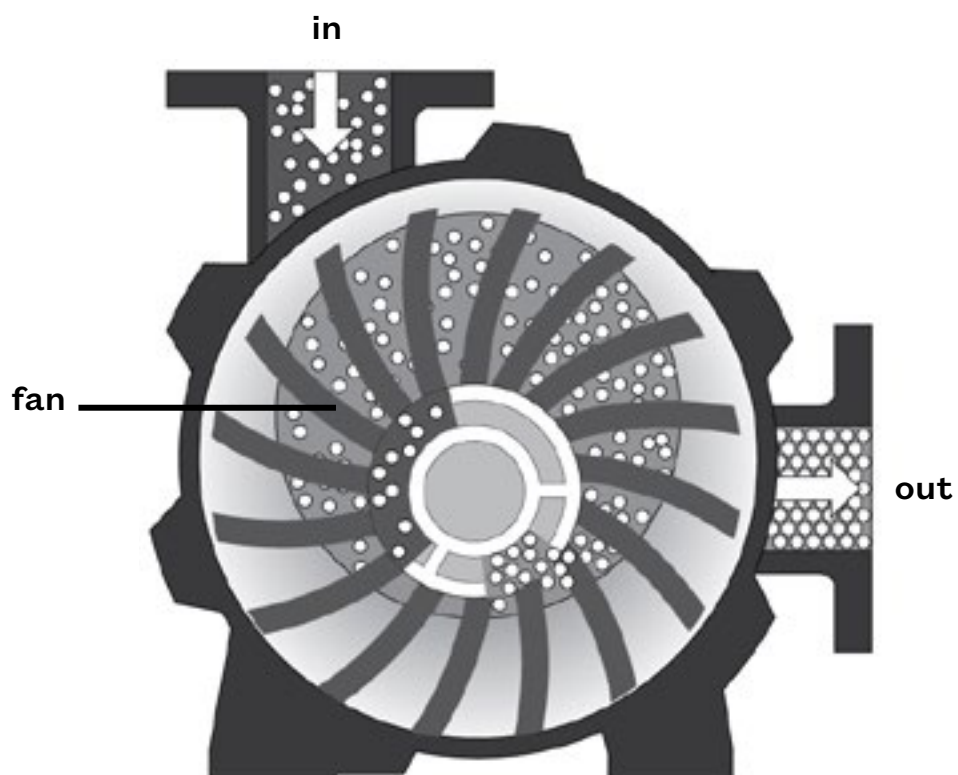
## PERISTALTIC

Peristaltic pumps work by displacement, alternating compression and relaxation on a tube, drawing contents into the tube and creating suction. The tube is located in an enclosed housing and is compressed by a roller.



## VACUUM

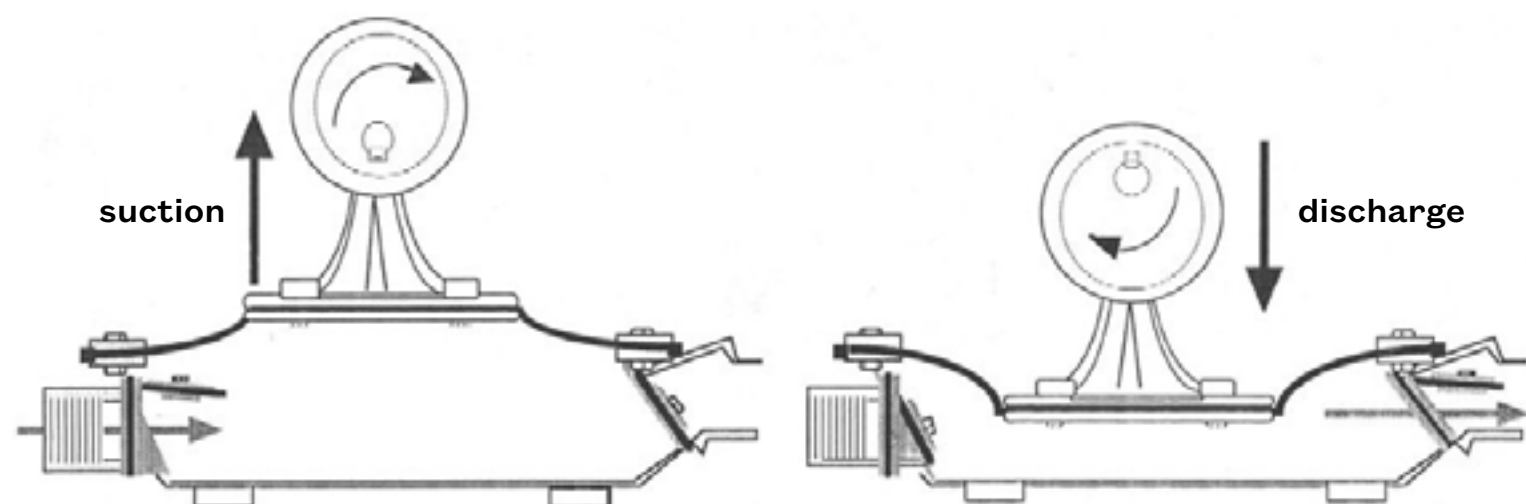
Vacuum pumps work by creating a pressure difference, usually with the use of a fan. The fan forces contents forward, increasing pressure in front of, and decreasing pressure behind the fan, creating suction that allows contents to move through the lines.



Peristaltic pump Photo by TBF

## DIAPHRAGM

Diaphragm pumps work by displacement. They use the backward and forward motion of a diaphragm (or membrane) to fill and empty a chamber with the contents being pumped, creating a suction. This pump works like a plunger.

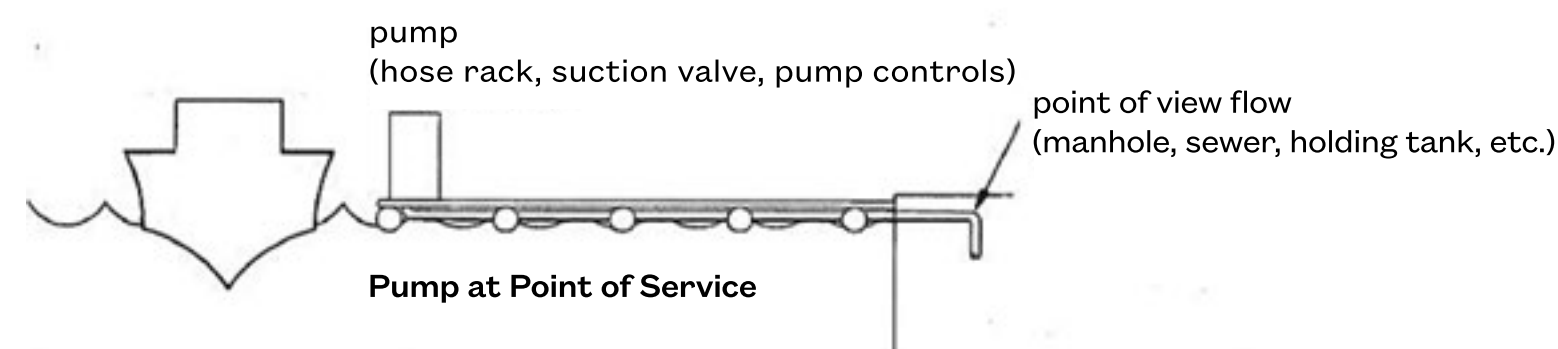




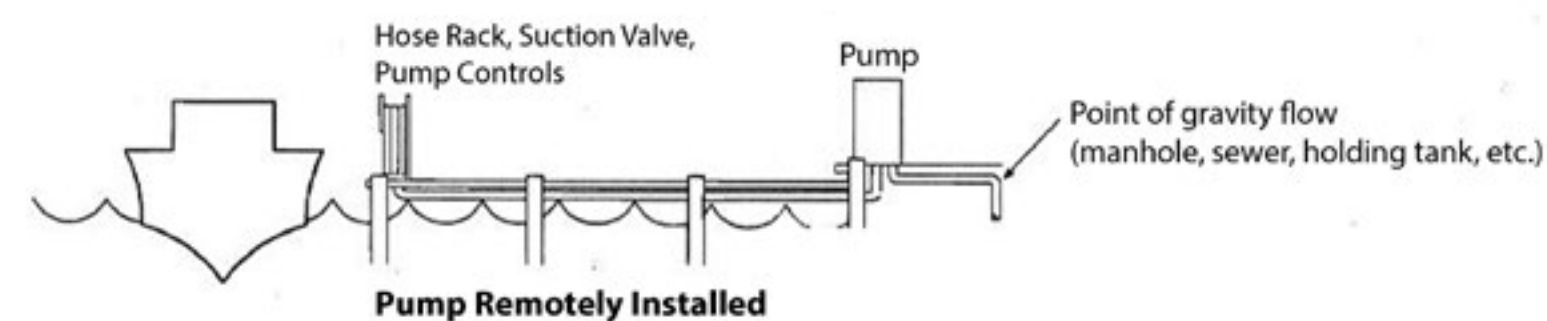
## PUMPOUT SYSTEM TYPES

### STATIONARY PUMPOUT

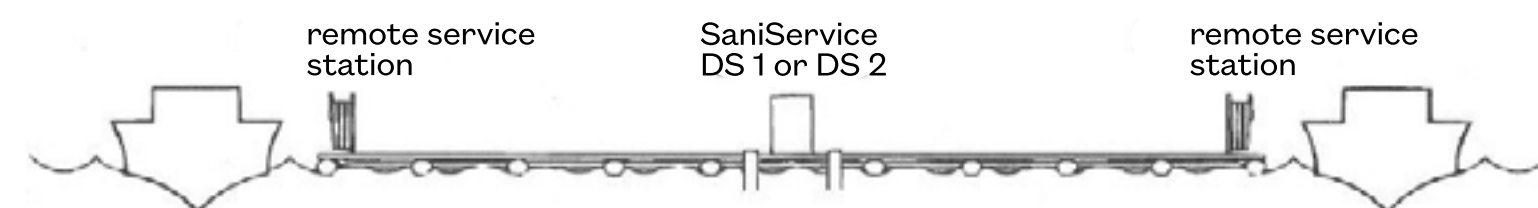
Pumpout systems are typically found as a stand-alone feature within a marina. They are located dockside where there is sufficient space for a boater to dock and not affect others around them. There are several configurations for these systems:



This diagram shows the pump system (hose rack and pump) as one unit, at the point of service.



This diagram shows the pump as two separate entities. The hose rack is at the point of service while the pump is set apart, either at the end of the dock or it can be located landside.



This diagram shows the layout with multiple hose stations connected to a single pump. This allows two or more users of a pump and may be set up to allow for remote operation. Careful design of this configuration is needed for optimal performance.

### IN-SLIP PUMPOUT

Another option available to marinas includes in-slip pumpout systems. There are several variations to this type of system. However, this system allows a boater to empty the sewage holding tank without leaving the slip. Variations include:



In-slip hose cart at Westpoint Harbor  
Photo by SFEP

**Option 1:** The marina installs a centralized pumpout station with multiple pumpout hydrants located throughout the marina, and spaced (approximately 40 feet to 60 feet apart) so that a portable hose can reach from the hydrant, located on the dock, to each nearby vessel. The pumpout hose is mounted on a mobile cart. The cart with the hose is wheeled to each boat as it needs pumpout servicing. The hose is unreeled and connected to both the hydrant and boat to be serviced. Wireless transmitters are available that allow convenient on-off operation without the need for someone to run back to the pump each time it needs activating.



In-slip pumpout tank at Oyster Cove Marina  
Photo by SFEP

**Option 2:** The marina installs multiple pumpout hydrants throughout the marina, spaced so that a portable hose can reach from the hydrant to each nearby vessel. A mobile cart containing both a sewage pump and hose is then wheeled to each boat as it needs pumpout servicing. The hose is unreeled and connected to both the hydrant and boat to be serviced. The sewage pump is activated and uses the hydrant and piping system to discharge the boat's holding tank contents.

**Option 3:** The marina uses a mobile cart that is equipped with a sewage pumpout, hose, and small holding tank (typically 20 to 40 gallons). This cart is located on the docks and is wheeled to each boat as it needs pumpout servicing. The cart, now loaded with sewage, is then wheeled to a hydrant located somewhere on the docks and the pump is used to discharge the sewage landside for disposal and treatment.

### MOBILE PUMPOUT

In many areas of California, boaters can have their boat sewage removed by a [mobile service](#). Mobile service vessels are retrofitted to hold a large quantity of sewage and can typically pump out dozens of vessels before having to discharge into a dockside pumpout system. This service can be managed by a contractor or provided by the marina itself, or simply allowed on premises as a boater-solicited service.



Mobile pumpout service in Marina del Rey Harbor  
Photo by TBF

There are benefits and drawbacks to each of these setups, but the benefits of mobile pumpouts are very clear. [Boaters value](#) the convenience of mobile pumpouts as a means of sewage disposal, and are highly satisfied with mobile pumpout services. Mobile pumpouts are a great solution as they can be arranged when boaters are not at the marina. This hands free option is relatively inexpensive and can be a very attractive addition to a marina's compendium of services.



## DUMP STATION SYSTEM TYPES

### GRAVITY-DRAINED DUMP STATION



Gravity-drained dump station in Santa Barbara Harbor  
Photo by TBF

Some portable toilet dump stations are installed as stand-alone systems without a connection to a motor. These units are gravity-drained, also known as “gravity-fed”, and function through the force of gravity which pushes and drains sewage into an underground holding tank, which is often without sewer utility connections.

### MOTORIZED DUMP STATION

Dump stations can also be connected to a motor. A connection to a motor allows for the disposal unit to move sewage to its final sewer or septic destination, away from the immediate vicinity. Depending on the unit and the way it is installed, motorized dump stations can connect to either onshore sewer lines, septic systems, or to storage tanks for the disposal of waste.



Dump station (right) installed at the point of service  
Photo by TBF



Dump station installed remotely from point of service  
Photo by TBF

Most motorized dump stations are directly connected to pumpout stations’ sewer lines, infrastructure, and motor, providing the mechanics to pump waste for its disposal. Motors directly connected to dump stations can be operated either through an ‘On’ and ‘Off’ button installed on the dump station unit or through the neighboring and connected pumpout stations’ ‘On’ and ‘Off’ buttons. Similar to pumpout units, dump stations powered by these shared motors can be installed either at the point of service or remotely, depending on the make and model.



Motorized dump station  
Photo by TBF

There are several models of motorized dump stations that include electric parts in various degrees (such as ‘On’ and ‘Off’ switches, ejector pumps, auto-risers, electric ball valves, and sensory systems, etc.), and they can be connected to and powered by the pumpout station’s motor in a range of ways.

### VARIATIONS OF MOTORIZED DUMP STATION CONNECTION TO PUMPOUT INFRASTRUCTURE



A gravity-drained dump station manually connected to a pumpout unit’s infrastructure by attaching the pumpout unit’s hose to the dump station waste fitting  
Photo by SFEP

Some dump stations are not directly connected to pumpout sewer lines or a motor but are still used in tandem with pumpout systems. To ensure contents are properly disposed of, these dump stations must be manually connected to a pumpout station’s infrastructure. The dump station’s contents are pumped out using a pumpout station’s parts and power. To accomplish this pumpout unit’s suction hose is connected to the dump station’s waste piping ball check valve to provide vacuum power and to pump out waste.

In some cases, a motorized dump station’s connection to a sewer line must be manually opened by utilizing a ball valve. This allows for pressure to enter the unit from the shared motor and for it to function remotely or at point of service.



Motorized dump station requiring the manual opening of its ball valve for drainage  
Photo by TBF

### PUMPOUT WAND ATTACHMENT

Although not technically a dump station, a pumpout wand functions to provide the same service that a dump station provides to boaters. Rather than installing a dump station, some marinas opt to retrofit their pre-existing pumpout units with a suction wand attachment. To do this, the pumpout unit’s nozzle is removed from the hose’s coupler and a suction wand is inserted in its place.



Pumpout wand attachment and supporting parts  
Photo by KECO Pump & Equipment



Pumpout unit retrofitted with a port-a-potty wand attachment  
Photo by TBF



# MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

## PUMPOUT STATIONS

Preventative maintenance is the best solution for avoiding problems. Marina operators should inspect the pump and pump enclosure on a weekly basis and, when possible, daily. These inspections should check for leaks, cracks, unusual wear and missing equipment.



Good



Good



Good



Good



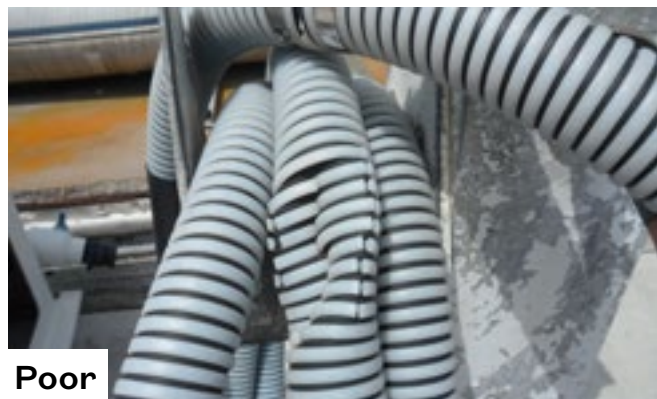
Good



Good



Good



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor

**HOSE**  
Look for damage that could affect performance of the system, like tears or a collapsed hose wall. To keep repair costs down, sections of hose can be repaired rather than replacing the entire hose. The number of repairs on one hose should be limited as performance will degrade over time.

**SIGHT GLASS**  
Look for cracks and make sure the movement of effluent is visible through the sight glass.

**NOZZLE**  
Look for signs of wear, including cracks and tears. Ensure that the tip has not been cut off and there is a backflow flap in place.

**BALL VALVE**  
Check that handles are not broken and can be easily rotated.



**UNUSUAL NOISES**  
Turn the pump on and listen for unusual noises including squeaking, rattling, and grinding. Also listen for air leaks especially around threaded connections.

**HOUR COUNTER**  
Ensure that the hour counter is not broken and functions properly.

**ON/OFF BUTTON**  
Make sure that on and off buttons are easy to find and labeled accordingly.

**SIGNAGE**  
Ensure there is adequate signage and it is legible. Signage should include the pumpout symbol, funding credit, instructions, hours of operation, pumpout cost, and contact number for problems.



# MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

## DUMP STATIONS

Dump station maintenance is also key for ensuring consistent operation. These units are often connected to the same motor as a pumpout machine, so any issue seen with a dump station can be indicative of a larger problem. Marina operators should regularly inspect the hose connections and internal housing for wear and tear on the machine.



Good



Good



Good



Good



Good



Good



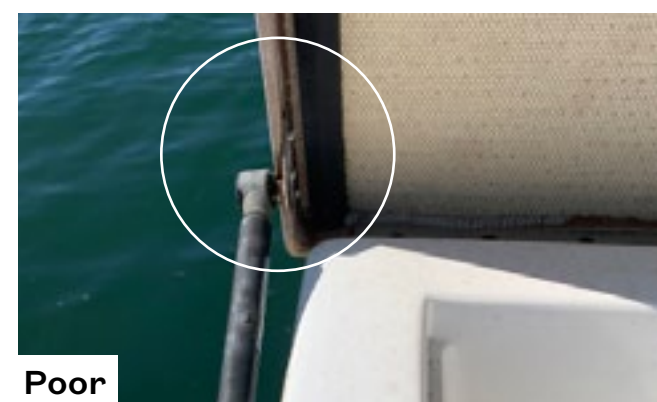
Good



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor



Poor

### HOUSING

The housing of the machinery should be intact, structurally sound, and clean. Make sure the encasing around the machine is not dented, punctured, or broken in a way that would damage the mechanisms inside. Also, ensure that there is no debris or garbage inside of the dump station.

### LID

Make sure that the lid closes completely, can be secured, and is not broken or damaged. A lid that does not close could allow sewage to be expelled out while the machine is running.

### HINGES

Ensure that the hinges connecting the lid to the housing are not rusty, broken, or missing.

### BALL VALVE

Check that handles are not broken and can be easily rotated.

### RINSE HOSE

Check that the rinse hose is available and can be used to clear out lingering sewage from the inside of the dump station after boaters are finished using it.

### ON/OFF BUTTON

Make sure that on and off buttons are easy to find and labeled accordingly.

### SIGNAGE

Ensure there is adequate signage and it is legible. Signage should include the dump station symbol, funding credit, instructions, hours of operation, cost, and contact number for problems.



### UNUSUAL NOISES

Turn the machine on and listen for unusual noises including squeaking, rattling, and grinding. Also, listen for air leaks especially around threaded connections.





## WHY MONITOR?

The goals of sewage pumpout station and dump station monitoring are to decrease sewage discharged into waterways by ensuring California's pumpout and dump station network is operational, well-maintained, accessible, and available to recreational boaters.

Pumpout and dump station monitoring allows Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, and The Bay Foundation to:

- ensure stationary pumpout and dump station equipment is operational at all times and provide sewage pollution prevention services to California recreational boaters;
- track the general condition and evaluate performance of pumpout stations;
- track the general condition of dump stations;
- update the Pumpout Nav app accordingly so units status is accurate;
- assist facilities that do not meet Division of Boating and Waterway's (DBW) grant requirements by offering a reliable source of technical assistance and resources;
- promote the installation and proper maintenance of pumpout and dump stations by informing facilities of DBW grant opportunities;
- maintain contact with recipients of DBW's grant funding for recreational boaters; and
- provide additional sewage management resources to recreational boaters.

## MONITORING RANGE & FREQUENCY

### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

The Bay Foundation and Morro Bay National Estuary Program monitor 73 publicly accessible pumpout stations in 14 Southern California harbors from Morro Bay to San Diego.

### NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

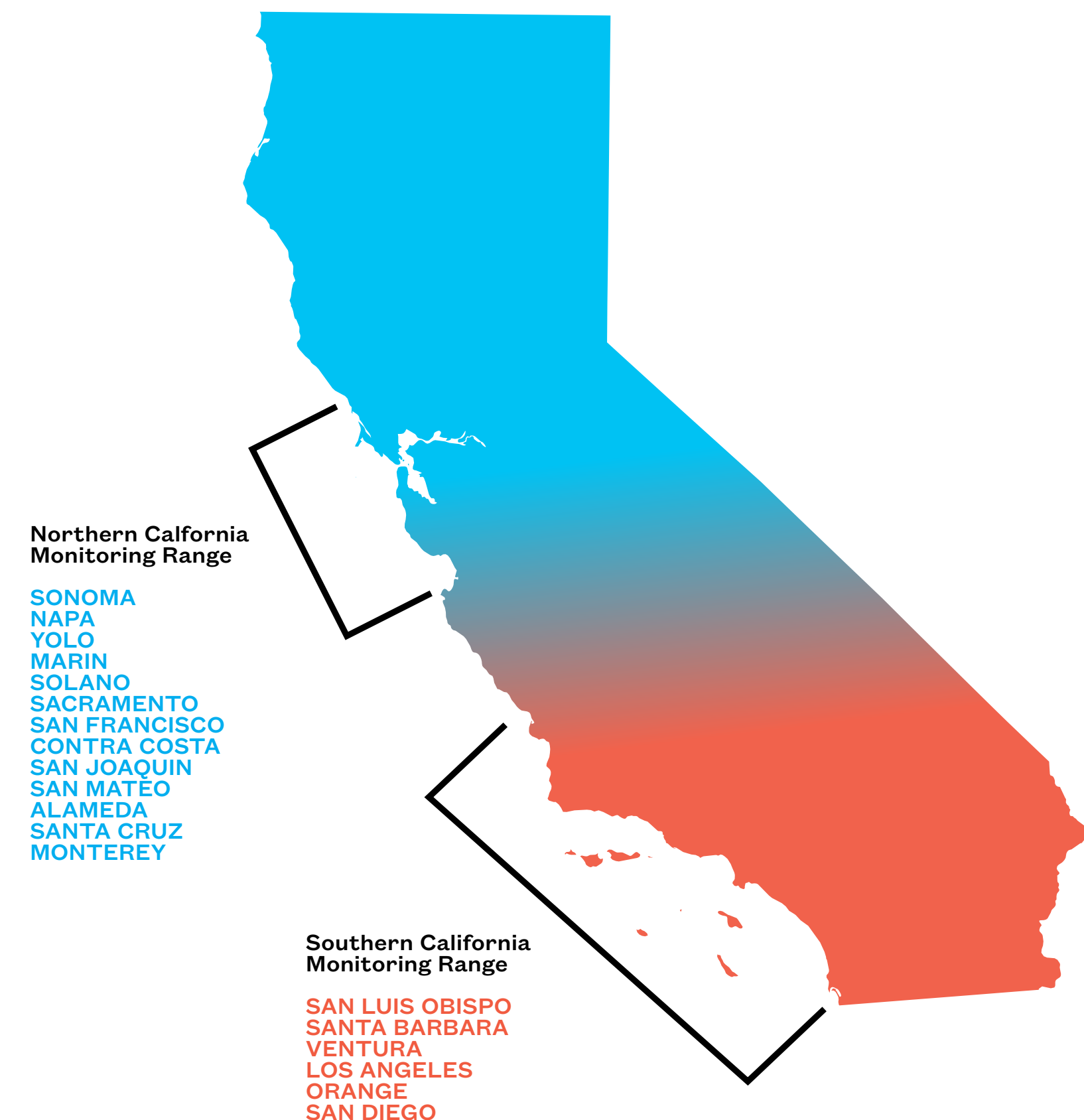
San Francisco Estuary Partnership monitors 80 publicly accessible pumpout stations in 64 Northern California marinas throughout the San Francisco Bay and Delta and Monterey Bay.

All units were monitored triannually. Because monitoring is only conducted three times per year, the analysis presented in this report is a snapshot of how units performed during limited on-site visits.

## ENSURING ACCESS

It is important to note that DBW recommends a pumpout unit ratio of no more than 250 boats sized 25 feet or longer per one pumpout. DBW also recommends that there be one pumpout in subregions where there are 50 or more slips sized 25 feet or longer in order to accommodate the sewage disposal needs of vessels without providing resources in areas where they will be underutilized.

In addition, DBW recommends a dump station unit ratio of no more than 500 boats less than 25 feet in length per one dump station. They also recommend having one dump station unit in subregions where there are 50 or more slips less than 25 feet, in order to accommodate the sewage needs of smaller vessels without providing resources in areas where they will be underutilized ([California Vessel Waste Disposal Plan](#), 2020).





## MONITORING PARAMETERS

The free Pumpout Nav app is used by the monitoring teams as a surveying tool to standardize data collection, improve efficiency, and reduce error. All monitoring results get emailed directly to participating facility managers through the Pumpout Nav app. Additional follow-up with facility managers is initiated via email or phone if staff noticed issues of concern during monitoring visits. The monitoring effort and follow-up allow staff to work collaboratively with facility managers to resolve any problems that may arise.

## PUMPOUT STATIONS



Signage in Balboa Yacht Basin  
Photo by TBF

The monitoring teams, Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, and The Bay Foundation, note the presence or absence of the following signage:

- Pumpout station symbol
- Funding credit
- Instructions for pumpout station operation
- Hours of operation
- Cost
- Contact number for problems
- On/off buttons

Specific pumpout parts rated by Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, and The Bay Foundation include:

- Hose
- Nozzle
- Sight glass
- Pedestal
- On/off buttons
- Motor unit
- Ball valve
- Nozzle’s backflow flap

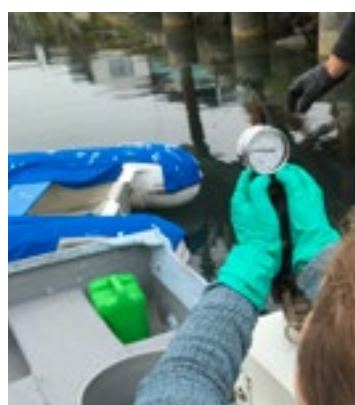
The condition of parts are rated as follows:

0 = absent, 1 = needs repair, 2 = worn, 3 = excellent



Hour counter  
Photo by TBF

Each motor unit should be equipped with an hour counter meter. During site visits, a reading from the meter is recorded. The meter is activated by the motor once it is engaged and counts the number of hours that the motor runs. However, due to the immense variation in pumpout type, process technique, and the use of “delay” switches, determining an accurate quantity of sewage pumped from the hour counter is not feasible.



Vacuum pressure  
Photo by MBNEP

Vacuum pressure is an indication of how well the unit operates and is measured during each monitoring event, in inches of mercury (inHg). By attaching a vacuum gauge to the end of a pumpout hose or nozzle, a reading is taken after a one minute adjustment period has elapsed. Vacuum pressure varies from 0 to 30 inHg. According to equipment manufacturers, the optimum vacuum pressure is 22 inHg.



Vacuum time  
Photo by TBF

Vacuum time is another indication of how well the unit operates. During each monitoring event, this is measured by timing how long it takes a pumpout to evacuate five gallons of water. The optimum vacuum time is less than 10 seconds.

As a courtesy, Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, and The Bay Foundation offer complimentary dye tablet testing. This test can help identify leaks in the plumbing of a sewage pumpout system. The results of this test are not presented in this report.



Dye tablet dissolving in 5 gallon bucket of water  
Photo by TBF

Other parameters recorded during site visits include: make and model of pumpout, pump type, approximate distance from pump to hose stand, and any notable recent developments.

Although vacuum pressure and vacuum time tests are used as an indication of how well a unit works, they are not directly comparable to how quickly the unit will empty

sewage from a boat’s holding tank. These measurements, along with other data collected, are used collaboratively to determine the overall condition of a pumpout station and offer assistance and recommendations to facility operators when needed.

It is important that Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, The Bay Foundation, and California State Parks Division of Boating and Waterways keep in close contact with facility managers that operate both dump stations and pumpout stations. These organizations are available for questions, clarification on monitoring, and a reliable source for technical assistance.

## DUMP STATIONS

Dump stations are monitored for many of the same parameters as pumpout stations, however due to the simplicity of these units, usability scores are not calculated.

The monitoring teams note the presence or absence of the following signage:

- Dump station symbol
- Funding credit
- Instructions for dump station operation
- Hours of operation
- Cost
- Contact number for problems
- On/off buttons

Specific dump station parts inspected (not rated) by the monitoring teams include:

- Housing
- Lid
- Hinges
- Ball valve
- Rinse hose
- On/off buttons

Other parameters recorded during site visits include: make and model of dump station, presence and motor type of each unit, the operability status of each unit, and any notable recent developments.

Documenting baseline information about dump stations, such as their motor type and operational status, helps to provide a reliable directory of region-specific dump stations to boaters with portable toilets.



# PUMPOUT NAV APP

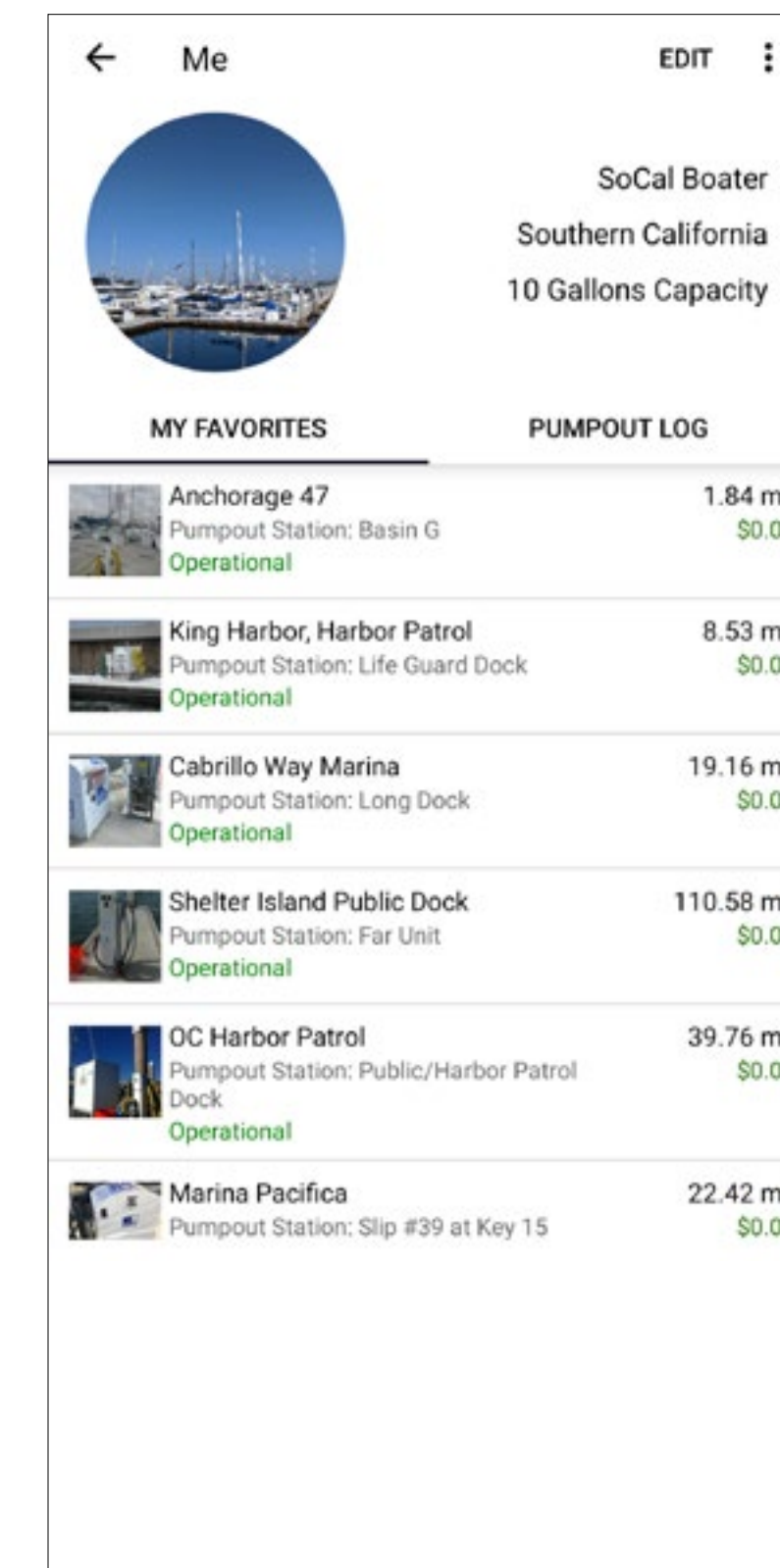
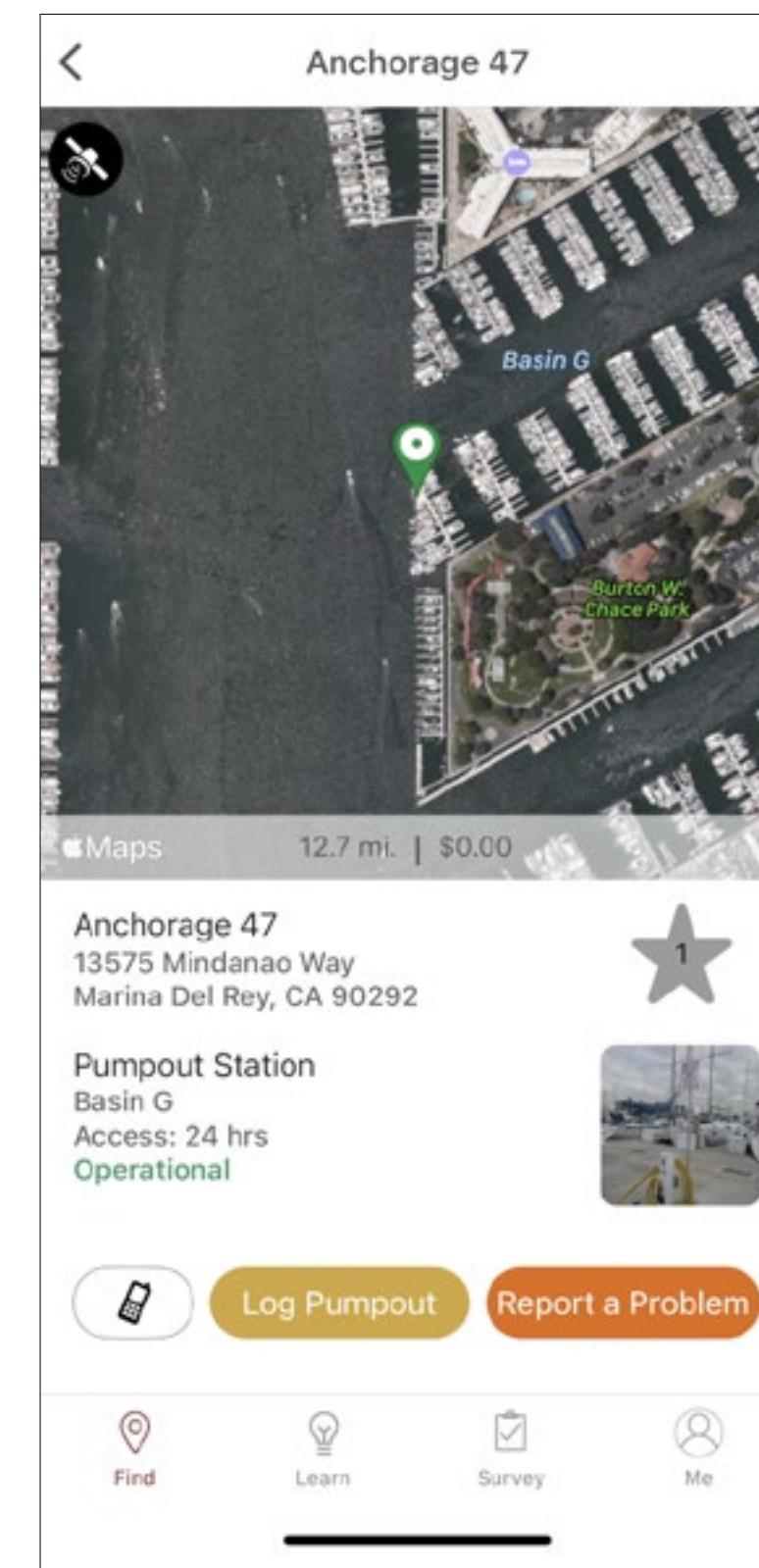
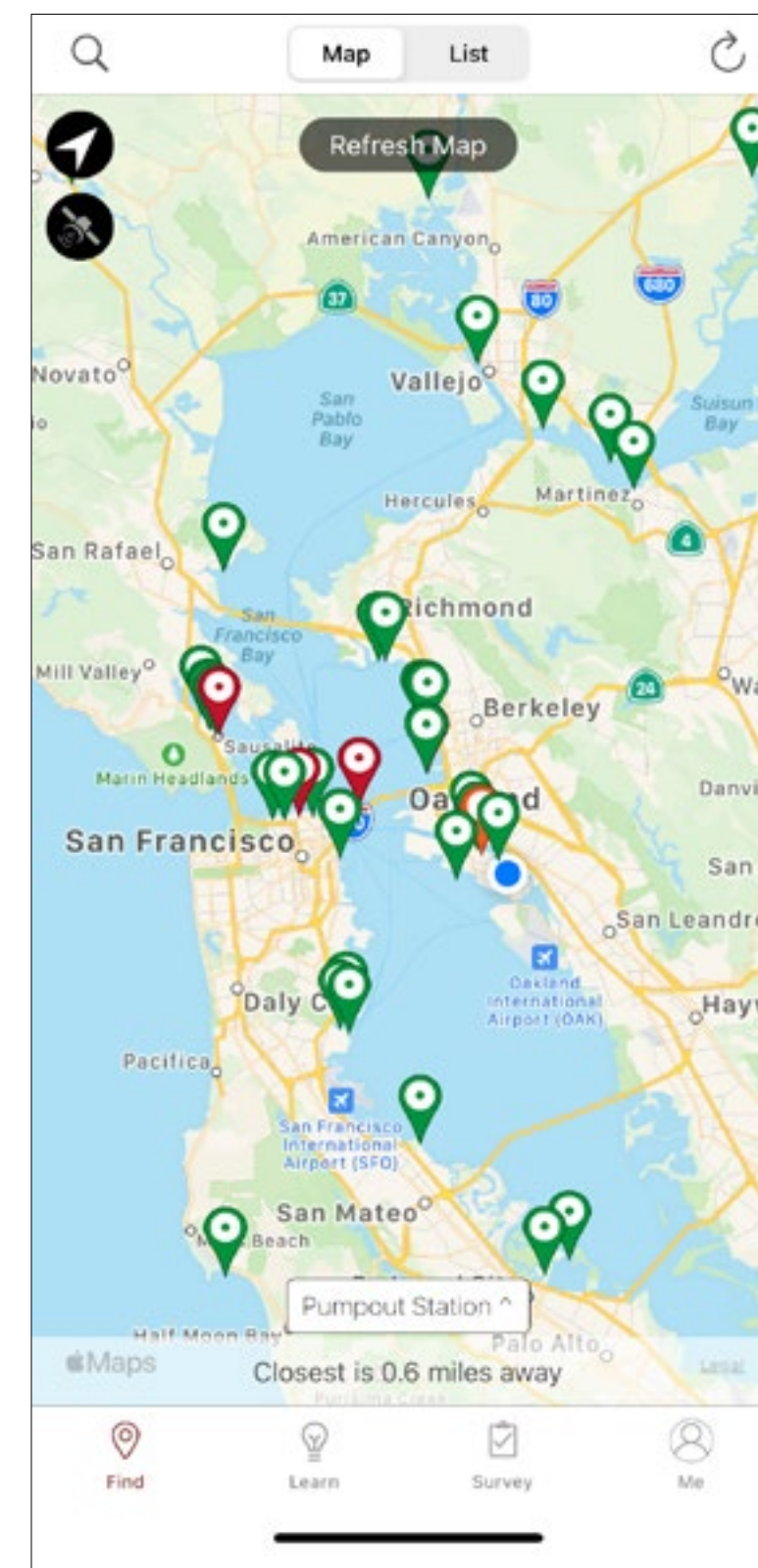
[Pumpout Nav](#), a free iOS and Android app, is designed for boater use on-the-go and aboard the vessel. It helps boaters find participating sewage pumpout stations, dump stations, and floating restrooms closest to their current location. Pumpout Nav automatically finds the boater's location and suggests the closest sewage disposal unit on a map or as a list. The app displays each facility's operational status, cost, hours, and detailed location within the marina or harbor. It also provides instructions on how to use a pumpout station and information about the environmental risks and applicable regulations regarding sewage discharge. Demarcation for federally designated No Discharge Zones (NDZ) are present in the app for two states: California and Washington. Additional personalized features allow boaters to create a list of their favorite sewage disposal units, log their pumpouts, and choose their boating region. Pumpout Nav additionally includes participating units in the states of Oregon, Washington, Florida, Rhode Island, and the Lake Champlain shorelines in New York, Vermont, and Quebec.

Pumpout Nav is equipped with a crowdsourcing function that allows any user to flag non-functional sewage disposal units throughout California. If boaters find a Non-Operational unit, they can report the issue directly through the app and submit photos. When a boater reports a problem, the facility manager and the local Clean Vessel Act Program staff are notified via email. The email alert will let facilities know their disposal unit could be down and should be inspected. The local Clean Vessel Act Program staff can follow up with facility managers to apply for Clean Vessel Act funding to address the issue, if needed.

Pumpout Nav also has a monitoring feature that allows Morro Bay National Estuary Program, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, and The Bay Foundation to record monitoring data while in the field. The app is used to standardize data collection, improve efficiency, and reduce error. Once the data is entered and submitted through the app, an automated email is sent to the facility manager summarizing the results of that monitoring effort.



Pumpout Nav app logo



Pumpout Nav app user interface displaying closest pumpout units



## METHODOLOGY

### PUMPOUT STATIONS

PERCENTAGE	DESCRIPTION
90-100	EXCELLENT
80-89	GOOD
70-79	FAIR
60-69	POOR
0-59	VERY POOR

In order to standardize the analysis throughout the state for direct comparisons, three parameters are used to determine percentages: vacuum pressure, vacuum time, and condition of parts (specifically hose and nozzle). These three parameters are considered equally important and therefore each parameter represents 33.33% of the total percentages.

The vacuum pressure is calculated as a percentage. The reading is divided by 22, the optimum pressure according to equipment manufacturers. For example, a reading of 21 divided by 22 is 0.9545, which equals 95.45% for vacuum pressure.

The vacuum time is calculated as a percentage. Vacuum time is grouped into 5 second increments from 0 to 60 and assigned a number:

0	to <	5	seconds = 12
5	to <	10	seconds = 11
10	to <	15	seconds = 10
15	to <	20	seconds = 9
20	to <	25	seconds = 8
25	to <	30	seconds = 7
30	to <	35	seconds = 6
35	to <	40	seconds = 5
40	to <	45	seconds = 4
45	to <	50	seconds = 3
50	to <	55	seconds = 2
55	to <	60	seconds = 1
60	and	greater	= 0

The assigned number is divided by 12, to develop a percentage based on the assigned number from 0-12 as shown in the list.

For example, a vacuum time of 9.95 seconds is assigned an 11, divided by 12 is 0.9166, which equals 91.66% for vacuum time.

The assigned number is divided by 12, to develop a percentage based on the assigned number from 0-12 as shown in the list. For example, a vacuum time of 9.95 seconds is assigned an 11, divided by 12 is 0.9166, which equals 91.66% for vacuum time.

The condition of parts is calculated as a percentage. The hose and nozzle are rated on a scale of 0 to 3: 0 absent, 1 needs repair, 2 worn, 3 excellent. The two readings are averaged and divided by 3. For example, if the nozzle was rated as a 2 and the hose rated as a 3, the average is 2.5 divided by 3 is 0.8333, which equals 83.33% for condition of parts.

The three percentages from vacuum pressure, vacuum time, and condition of parts are then averaged together. For example, the average of the three percentages above is 90.15%. This percentage indicates the likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump. We will define this concept as “usability snapshot” in the tables to follow.



MBNEP staff filling 5-gallon bucket in order to test vacuum time  
Photo by MBNEP



## REGION DETAILS

### This report analyzes the data from the three monitoring efforts in 2023.

This report compiles information about pumpout stations from regions of Northern and Southern California and is separated by County, Harbor, Port, Bay, or Delta Region. Each section includes a corresponding map, and a "2023 Pumpout Usability Snapshot and Operational Status" table. Units that were monitored for at least one of the three monitoring events were included in the report. When a unit was no longer monitored during the reporting period, the note "Stopped Monitoring" was added.

The "2023 Pumpout Usability Snapshot and Operational Status" table includes facility information, pump types, triannual usability percentage snapshots (as calculated on pg. 12), and triannual unit-specific operational statuses.

Under the "Spring", "Summer", and "Fall" columns lie "Usability Snapshot (%)" and "Operational Status" subcolumns. In certain instances, under the "Usability Snapshot (%)" subcolumn, the "-" symbol is used to show that "Non-Accessible" units have no usability percentage. Under the "Operational Status" column an "Operational" status indicates that the unit was operational and accessible. A "Non-Operational" status indicates that the unit was not in operation.

"Non-Operational" units are identified with 'Out of Order' signs or warning tape, and are recognized as Non-Operational due to hardware issues such as a broken motor or nonexistent vacuum pressure. A "Non-Accessible" unit status indicates a unit that could not be physically reached or tested by monitoring staff. This inaccessibility was due to marina closures, units being stored away due to health and safety concerns, or building projects (among other reasons).

In addition, each region in the report contains a corresponding dump station-specific page including a "2023 Dump Station Operational Status" table. The "2023 Dump Station Operational Status" table includes facility information, motor type, and triannual unit-specific operational statuses. Units are either labeled as "Non-Accessible" and "Non-Operational" under the season they were monitored in. Similarly to pumpout stations, an "Operational" status indicates that the unit was operational. A "Non-Operational" status indicates that the unit was not in operation.

Monitoring and marina staff followed guidance from public health officials including the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the California Department of Public Health, and local county health officials when conducting surveys.



Port of Los Angeles, Angels Gate  
Photo by John Hollenbeck



# 2023 EXECUTIVE REPORT SUMMARY

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HIGHLIGHTS

TBF and MBNEP monitored **73** publicly accessible pumpout stations and **7** dump stations in **14 Southern California harbors** during the Spring, Summer, and Fall of 2023.

- **In the Spring season, 83%** of pumpout stations and **100%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **81%**, meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **In the Summer season, 83%** of pumpout stations and **100%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **76%**, meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **In the Fall season, 91%** of pumpout stations and **86%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **80%**, meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **6** replacement pumpout and/or dump station units were installed in the region using [Clean Vessel Act \(CVA\) Installation Grant](#) funds.

Please refer to report page 12 for further information on how scores were designated.



## NORTHERN CALIFORNIA HIGHLIGHTS

SFEP monitored **74** publicly accessible pumpout stations and **7** dump stations in **61 Northern California marinas** during the Spring, Summer, and Fall of 2023.

- **In the Spring season, 84%** of pumpout stations and **71%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **82%** meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **In the Summer season, 82%** of pumpout stations and **71%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **83%**, meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **In the Fall season, 89%** of pumpout stations and **71%** of dump stations were operational and accessible. On average, operational and accessible pumpout stations in the region received a usability score of **85%**, meaning there was a **‘Good’** likelihood that a boater will have a successful experience at the pump.
- **1** new pumpout unit and/or dump station was funded for maintenance in the region using [CVA Operations & Maintenance Grant](#) funds.

## CVA GRANTS PROGRAM

**DBW strives to deploy an adequate, accessible, and well-maintained network of vessel waste disposal facilities (pumpouts, dump stations, and floating restrooms) through its CVA grant programs**, and to proactively educate the California boating community about sewage-related issues, impacts, resources, and proper management.

In 1992, Congress passed the CVA to help reduce water pollution from vessel sewage discharges into U.S. waters. The grant program established by the CVA funds the construction, renovation, operation, and maintenance of pumpout and dump stations for use by recreational boaters. Funding comes from the federal Sport Fish Restoration and Boating Trust Fund. DBW serves as the Grant Coordinator for the state, and accepts grant applications on an on-going basis.

**Are you eligible?** CVA grant funds are available to both public and private marina facility operators. This includes all local governmental entities and private businesses that own and operate boating facilities open to the general public.

There are two types of grants:

- [Pumpout and Dump Station Installation Grant](#) - can reimburse recipients for up to 75% of the installation cost of pumpout and/or dump stations.
- [Pumpout and Dump Station Operations and Maintenance \(O&M\) Grant](#) - can reimburse recipients for up to 75% of the eligible costs of pumpout parts and labor to maintain an existing pumpout.

## INTERESTED IN APPLYING?

Learn more and find applications and additional information by scanning the code or visiting <http://www.dbw.ca.gov/cvagrants>



Should you need further assistance, please contact grant specialist **Ethan Tratner** at **(916) 902-8823** or [ethan.tratner@parks.ca.gov](mailto:ethan.tratner@parks.ca.gov).



# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA



# SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

## Morro Bay Harbor

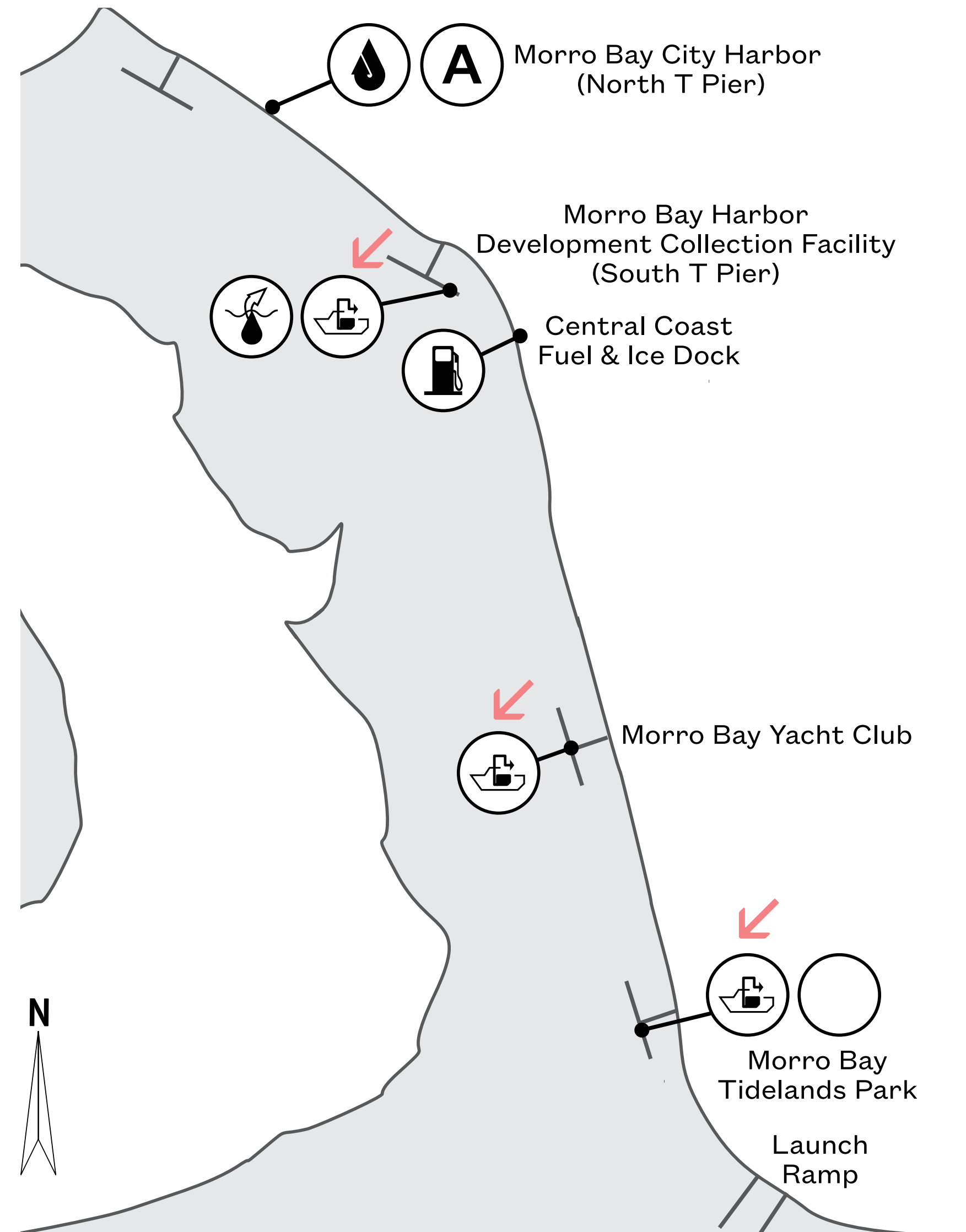


A lovely sunset by the water's edge featuring Morro Bay moorings  
Photo by TBF





SAN LUIS OBISPO — MORRO BAY HARBOR

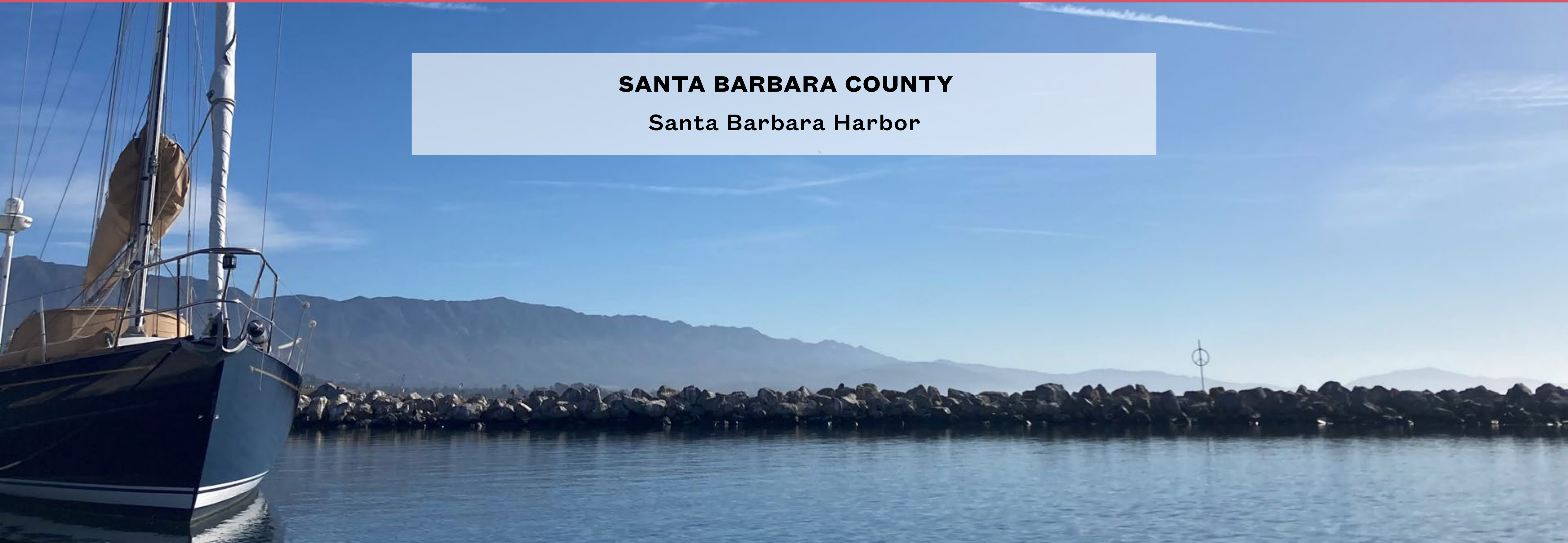


2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Morro Bay Yacht Club	Peristaltic	85	Operational	84	Operational	81	Operational
South T Pier	Diaphragm	52	Operational	44	Operational	89	Operational
Tidelands Park	Peristaltic	62	Operational	78	Operational	62	Operational



Morro Bay beauty Photo by TBF



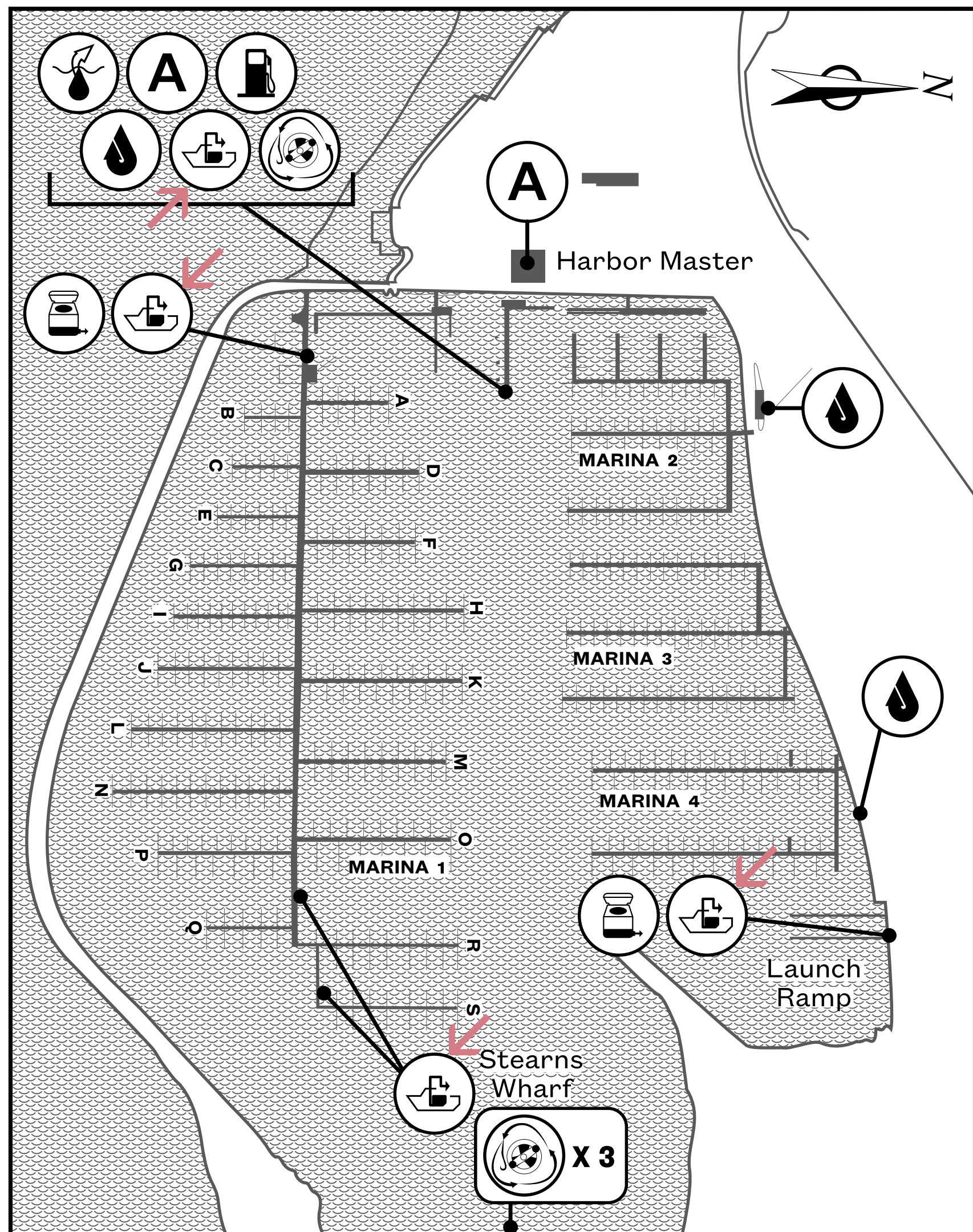
**SANTA BARBARA COUNTY**  
Santa Barbara Harbor

Foggy Mountain Views in Santa Barbara Harbor  
Photo by TBF

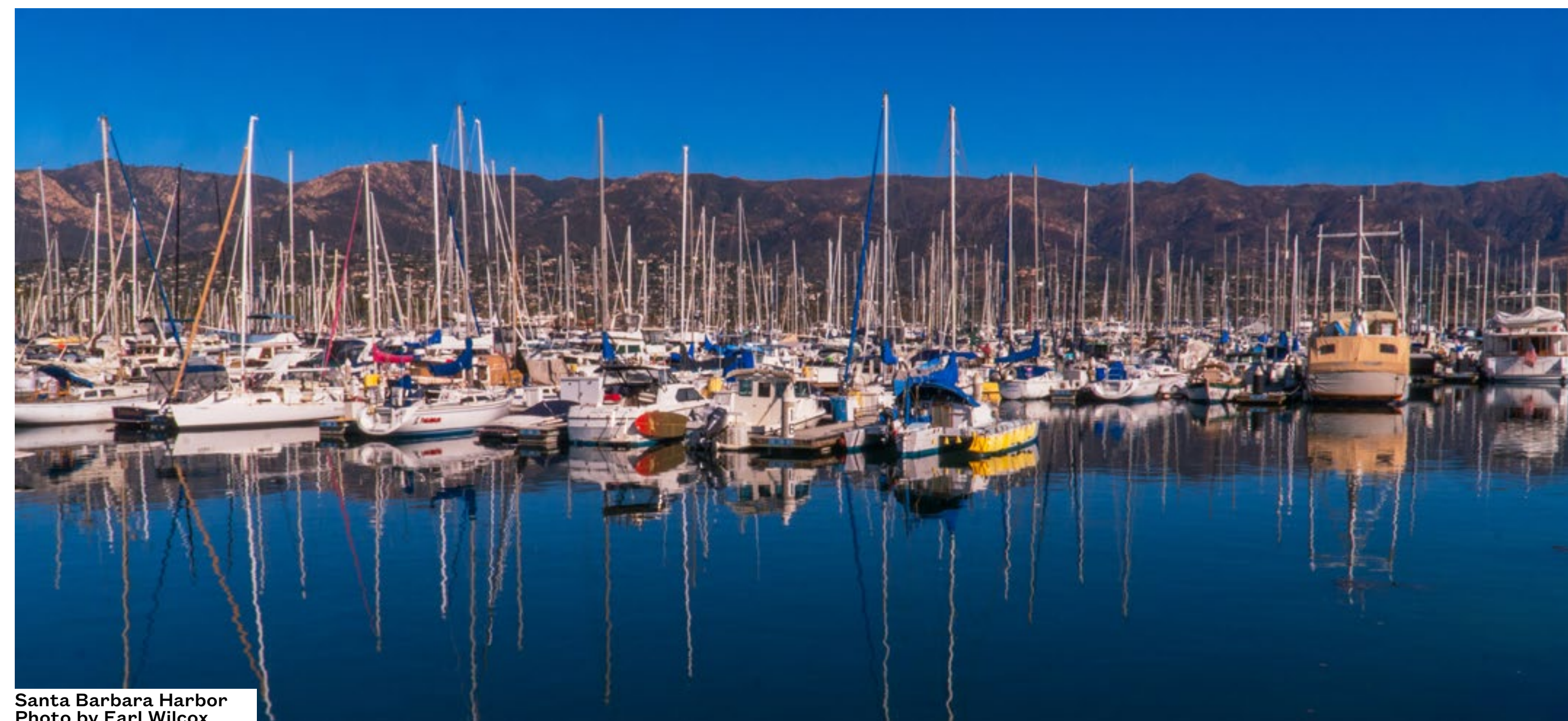


SANTA BARBARA — SANTA BARBARA HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Boat Launch	Peristaltic	97	Operational	89	Operational	86	Operational
Fuel Dock	Peristaltic	86	Operational	84	Operational	81	Operational
Marina One, Far unit, RS finger	Peristaltic	76	Operational	65	Operational	62	Operational
Marina One, Mid unit, PQ finger	Peristaltic	96	Operational	75	Operational	83	Operational
Marina One, Near unit, west of A finger	Peristaltic	85	Operational	83	Operational	81	Operational



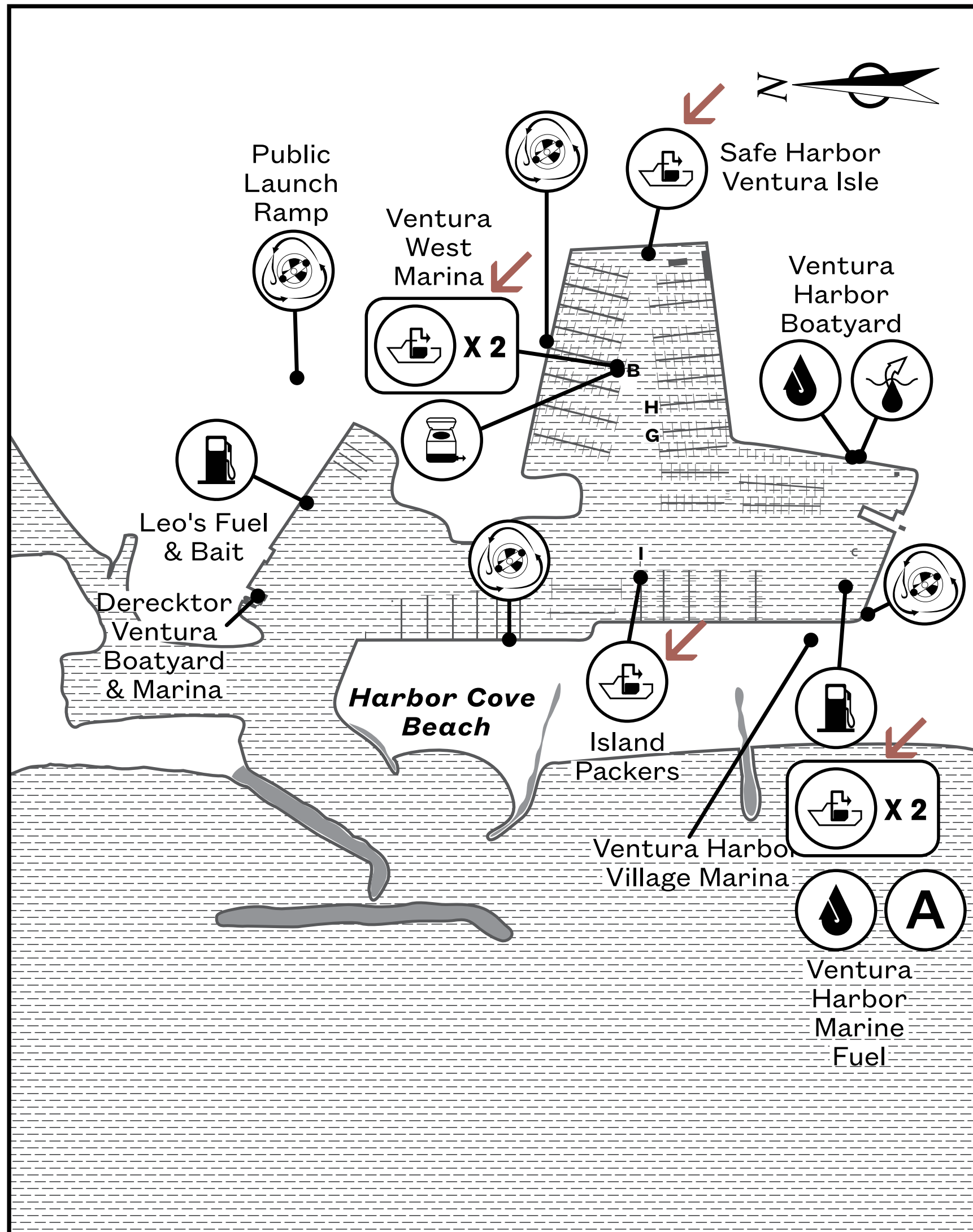
Santa Barbara Harbor Photo by Earl Wilcox



**VENTURA COUNTY**  
Ventura Harbor  
Channel Islands Harbor

Ventura County, Channel Islands Harbor Beach  
Photo by TBF

VENTURA — VENTURA HARBOR



2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Ventura Harbor Island Packers	Peristaltic	80	Operational	83	Operational	80	Operational
Ventura Harbor Marine Fuel, far	Diaphragm	28	Non-Operational	28	Non-Operational	28	Non-Operational
Ventura Harbor Marine Fuel, near	Diaphragm	28	Non-Operational	22	Non-Operational	0	Non-Operational
Ventura Isle Marina, N Dock	Diaphragm	78	Operational	33	Non-Operational	94	Operational
Ventura West Marina, B dock left/east	Diaphragm	87	Operational	66	Operational	78	Operational
Ventura West Marina, B dock right/west	Diaphragm	90	Operational	86	Operational	92	Operational



Ventura Harbor Village Photo by TBF



VENTURA — CHANNEL ISLANDS HARBOR

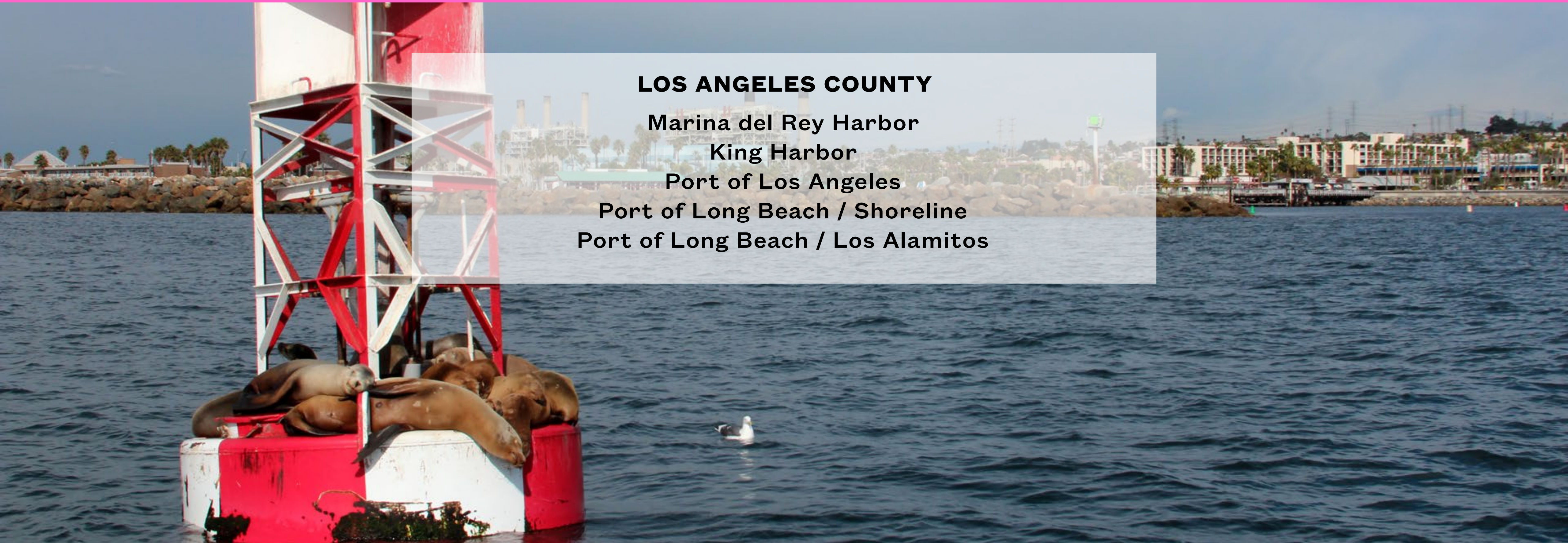
2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
East Bank Guest Dock, far	Peristaltic	83	Operational	92	Operational	89	Operational
East Bank Guest Dock, near	Peristaltic	94	Operational	73	Operational	28	Operational
Peninsula Park, County Guest Dock	Peristaltic	81	Operational	93	Operational	80	Operational
Harbor Patrol Dock	Peristaltic	81	Operational	83	Operational	86	Operational
Seabridge Marina, F dock	Peristaltic	33	Non-Operational	92	Operational	89	Operational



Boats docked in Channel Islands harbor  
Photo by Zachary Theodore on Unsplash

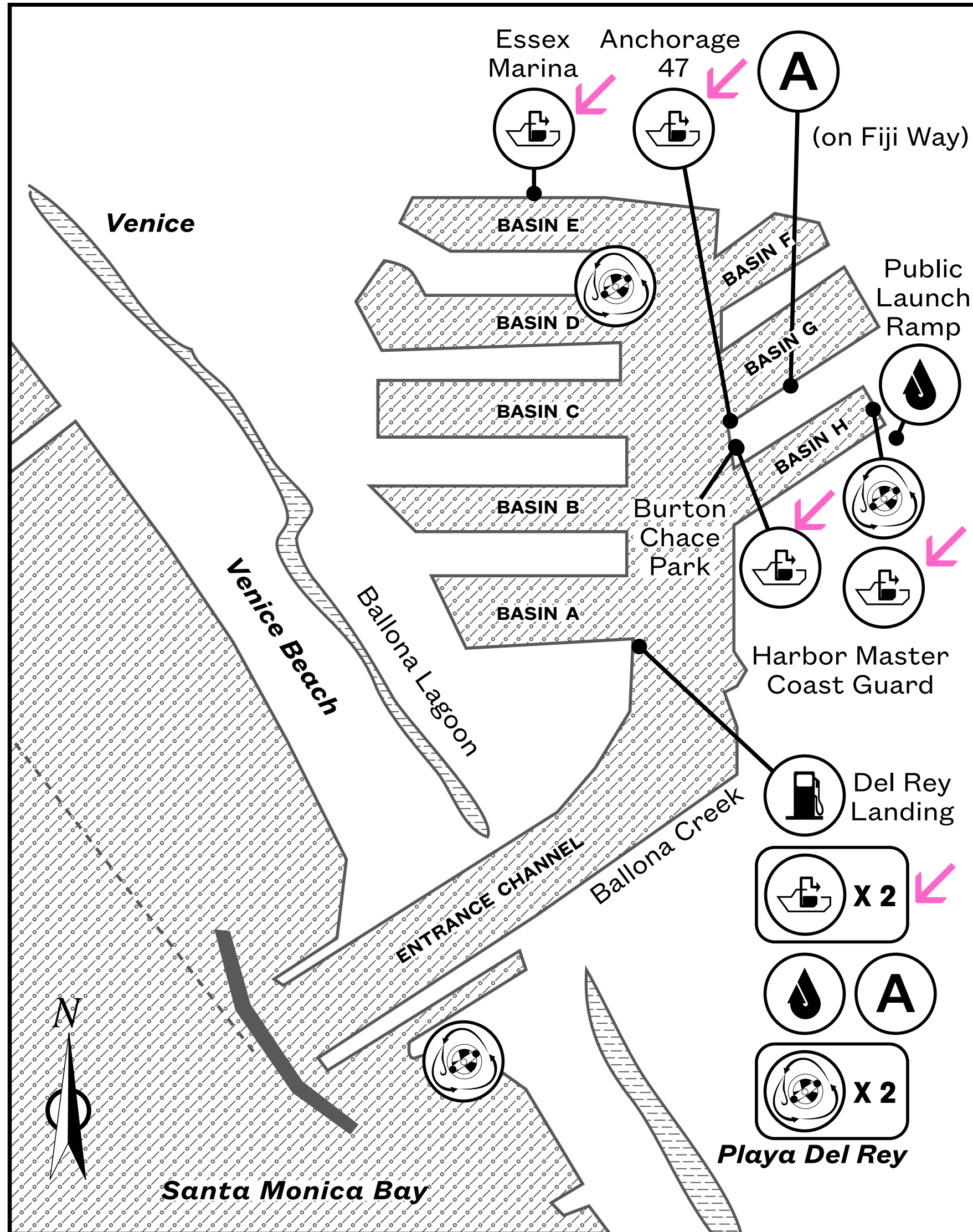


**LOS ANGELES COUNTY**  
 Marina del Rey Harbor  
 King Harbor  
 Port of Los Angeles  
 Port of Long Beach / Shoreline  
 Port of Long Beach / Los Alamitos

Sea lions rest on a buoy just outside King Harbor  
Photo by John Hollenbeck

LA — MARINA DEL REY HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Wayfarer Apartments + Marina	Peristaltic	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	92	Operational
Wayfarer Apartments + Marina	Peristaltic	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	Not yet monitored	81	Operational
Anchorage 47	Peristaltic	87	Operational	90	Operational	84	Operational
Burton Chace Park	Peristaltic	97	Operational	89	Operational	84	Operational
Del Rey Landing, far	Peristaltic	53	Operational	44	Operational	80	Operational
Del Rey Landing, near	Peristaltic	78	Operational	67	Operational	50	Operational
Launch Ramp	Peristaltic	75	Operational	-	Non-Accessible	82	Operational



Photo by Roger Lipera on Unsplash





LA — KING HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS

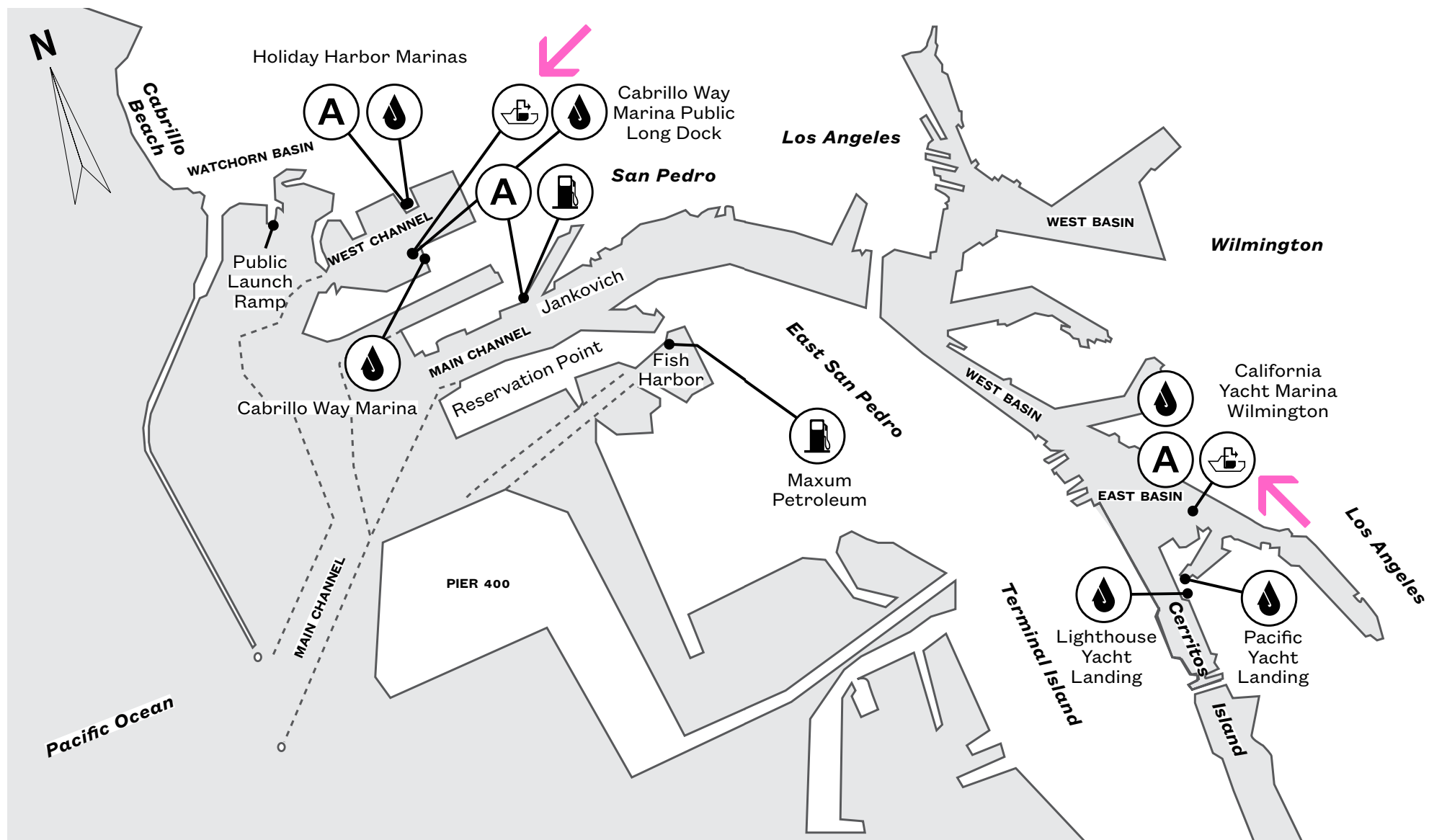


FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Harbor Patrol	Peristaltic	90	Operational	-	Non-Accessible	-	Non-Accessible



Photo by Kris Delano

LA — PORT OF LOS ANGELES



2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Cabrillo Way Marina	Diaphragm	96	Operational	97	Operational	97	Operational
California Yacht Marina, Wilmington, F Dock	Peristaltic	64	Operational	54	Operational	49	Operational

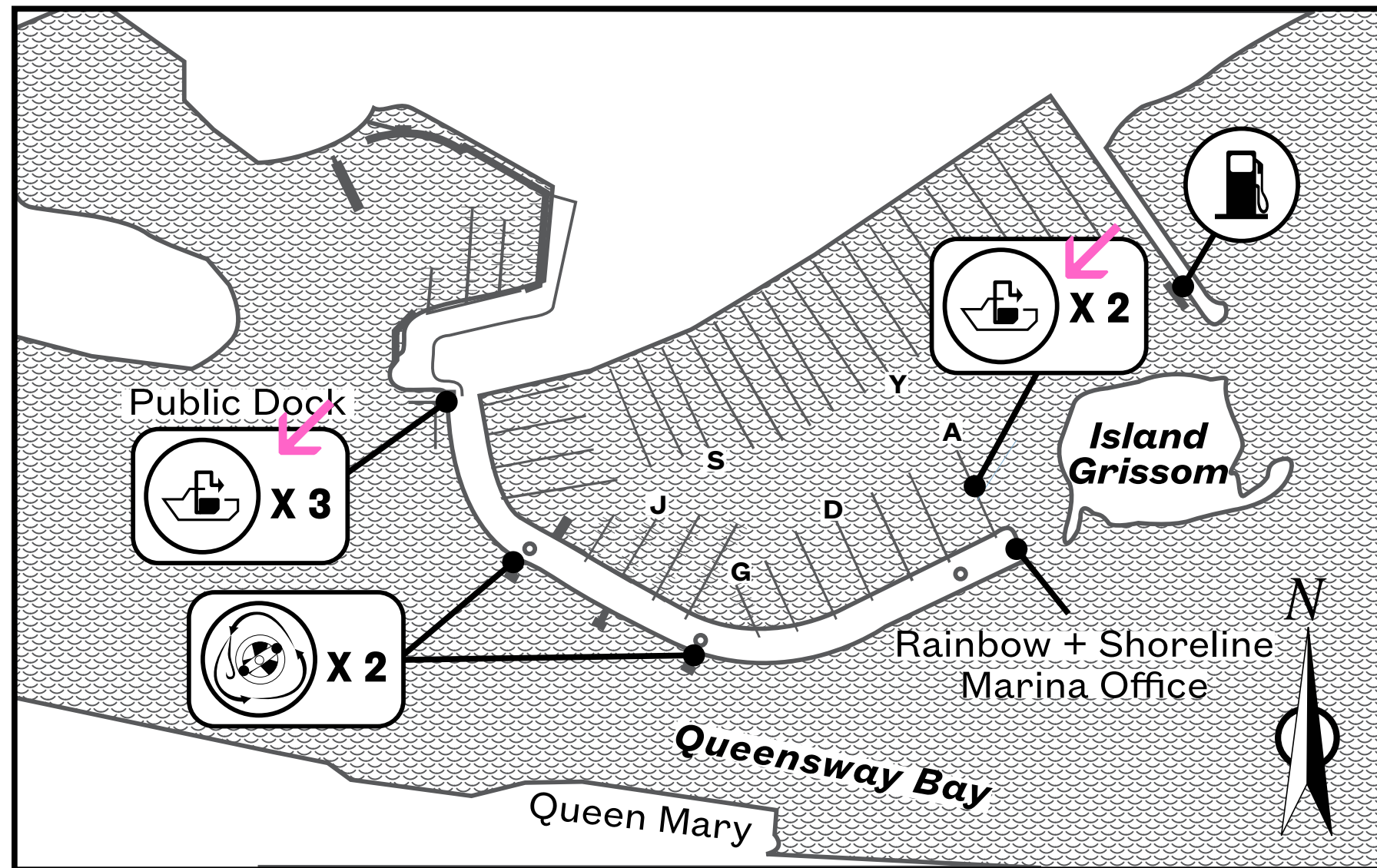


Point Vicente Lighthouse and scenic coastline cliffs  
Photo by Thomas Poster



LA — PORT OF LONG BEACH / Shoreline

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Shoreline Marina Office, A dock far	Peristaltic	94	Operational	86	Operational	69	Operational
Shoreline Marina Office, A dock near	Peristaltic	92	Operational	75	Operational	89	Operational
Shoreline Marina, Public Dock, far	Peristaltic	62	Operational	22	Non-Operational	69	Operational
Shoreline Marina, Public Dock, mid	Peristaltic	0	Non-Operational	31	Operational	79	Operational
Shoreline Marina, Public Dock, near	Peristaltic	0	Non-Operational	28	Non-Operational	0	Non-Operational



Shoreline Village marina scenic boats  
Photo by John Hollenbeck

LA — PORT OF LONG BEACH / Los Alamitos

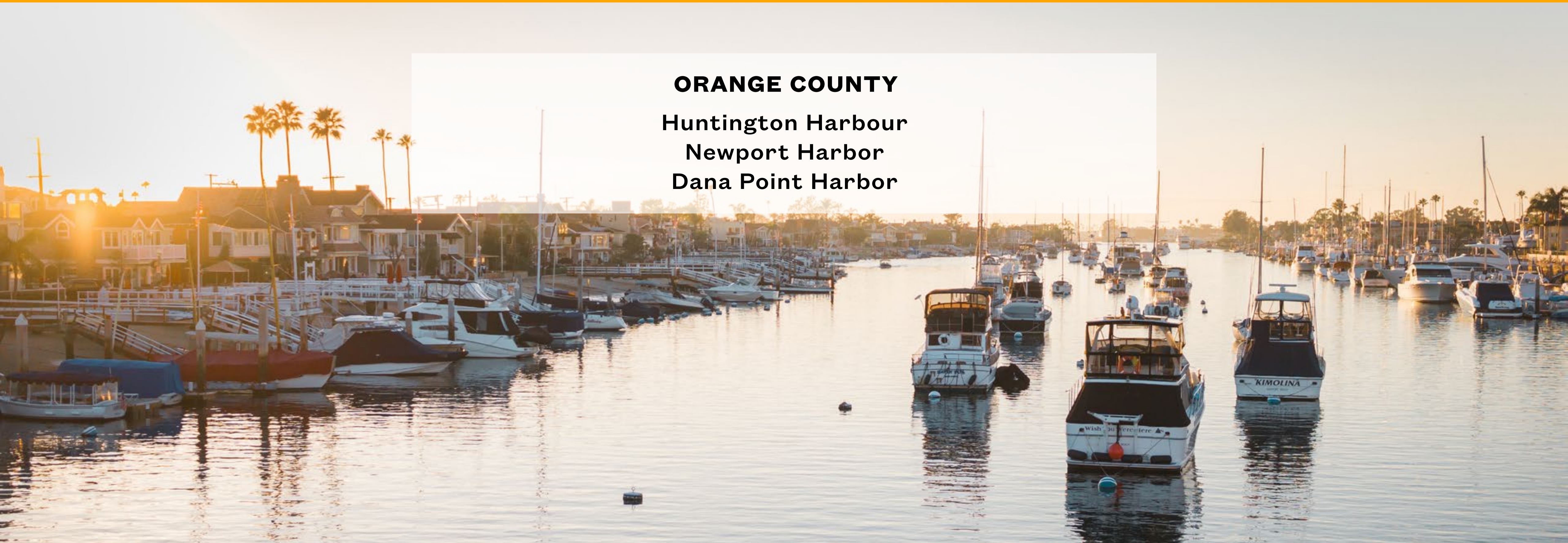
2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Los Alamitos Davies Launching Ramp	Peristaltic	69	Operational	56	Operational	56	Operational
Los Alamitos Fire Department, Marine Station	Peristaltic	89	Operational	89	Operational	87	Operational
Los Alamitos Harbor Master Dock, near	Peristaltic	83	Operational	75	Operational	86	Operational
Los Alamitos Harbor Master Dock, far	Peristaltic	53	Operational	89	Operational	86	Operational
Marina Pacifica, Slip #039 at Key 15	Peristaltic	94	Operational	94	Operational	94	Operational
Marina Pacifica, Slip #165 at Key 1	Peristaltic	59	Operational	81	Operational	81	Operational



Photo by John Hollenbeck



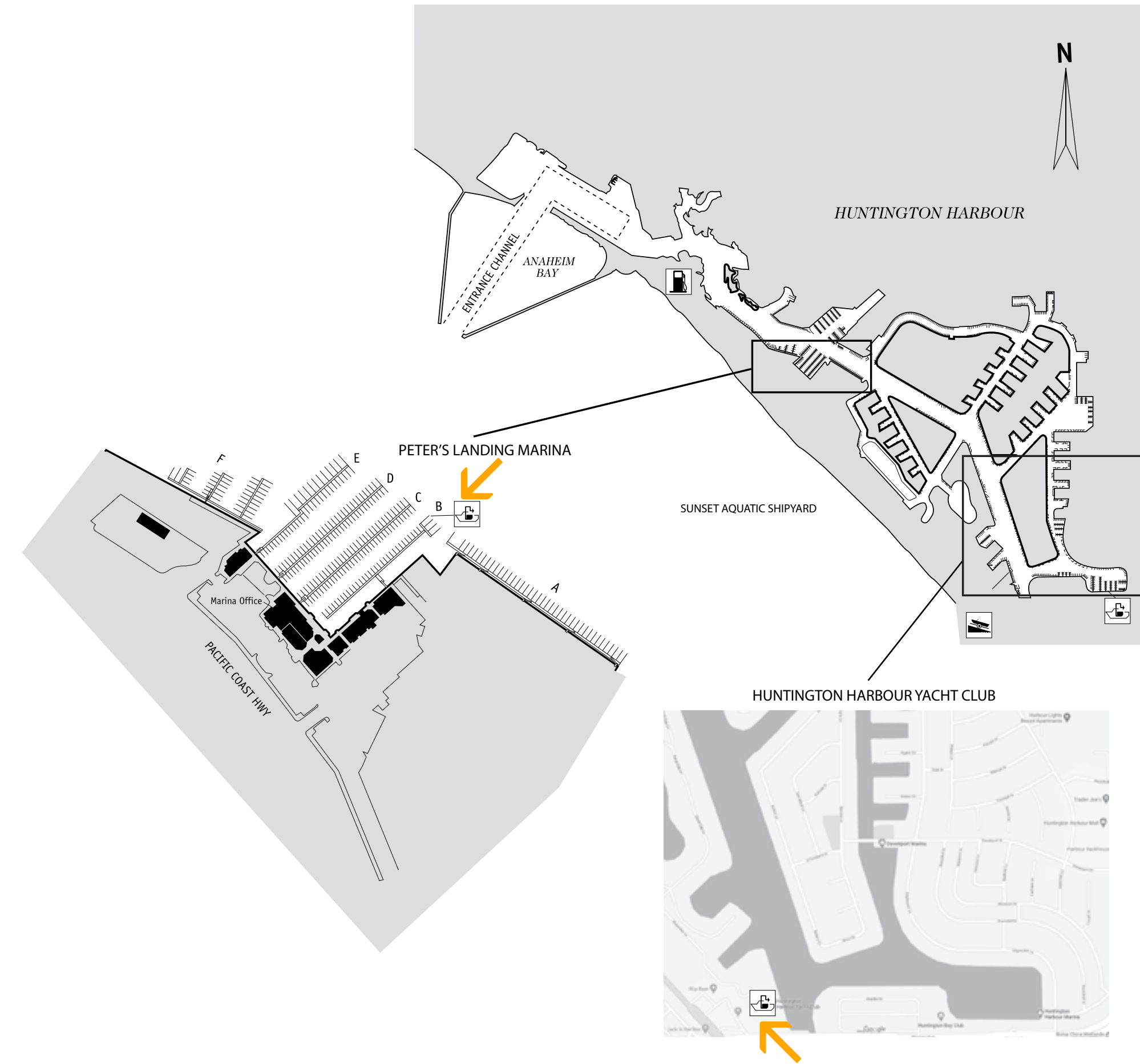
**ORANGE COUNTY**  
Huntington Harbour  
Newport Harbor  
Dana Point Harbor

Newport Harbor offers picturesque views  
Photo by Christopher Chen on Unsplash

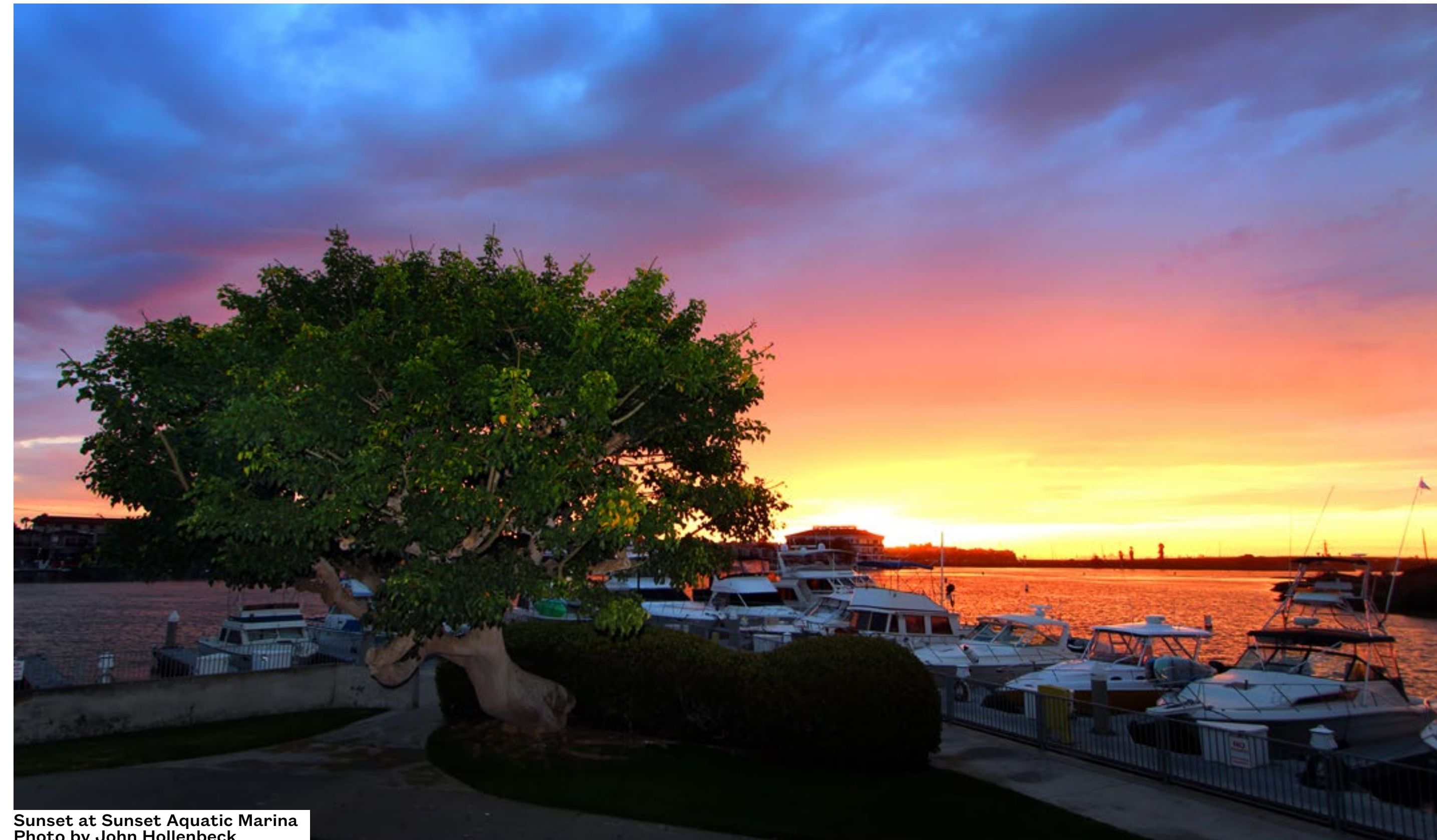


ORANGE — HUNTINGTON HARBOUR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



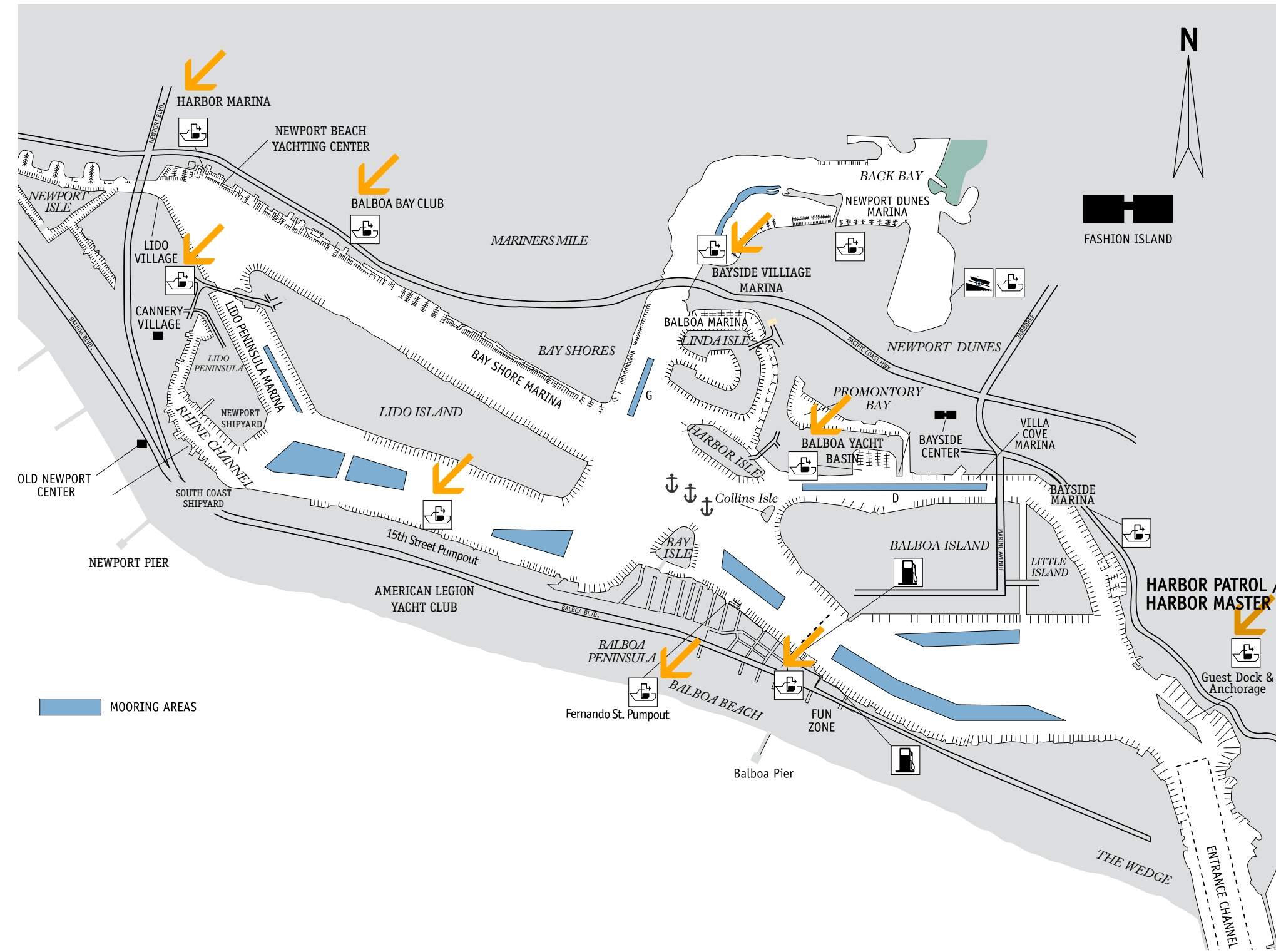
FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Huntington Harbour Yacht Club, Fire Department	Diaphragm	97	Operational	97	Operational	94	Operational
Peter's Landing Marina, B Dock	Peristaltic	73	Operational	62	Operational	52	Operational



Sunset at Sunset Aquatic Marina  
Photo by John Hollenbeck

ORANGE — NEWPORT HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
15th Street, far	Diaphragm	94	Operational	89	Operational	94	Operational
15th Street, near	Peristaltic	97	Operational	91	Operational	83	Operational
Balboa Bay Club	Peristaltic	96	Operational	93	Operational	84	Operational
Balboa Fun Zone	Peristaltic	93	Operational	94	Operational	94	Operational
Balboa Yacht Basin	Peristaltic	83	Operational	58	Operational	84	Operational
Bayside Village Marina	Peristaltic	83	Operational	84	Operational	92	Operational
Fernando Street	Peristaltic	94	Operational	97	Operational	80	Operational
Lido Marina Village	Peristaltic	76	Operational	70	Operational	28	Non-Operational
Newport Beach Harbor Patrol	Peristaltic	57	Non-Operational	89	Operational	81	Operational

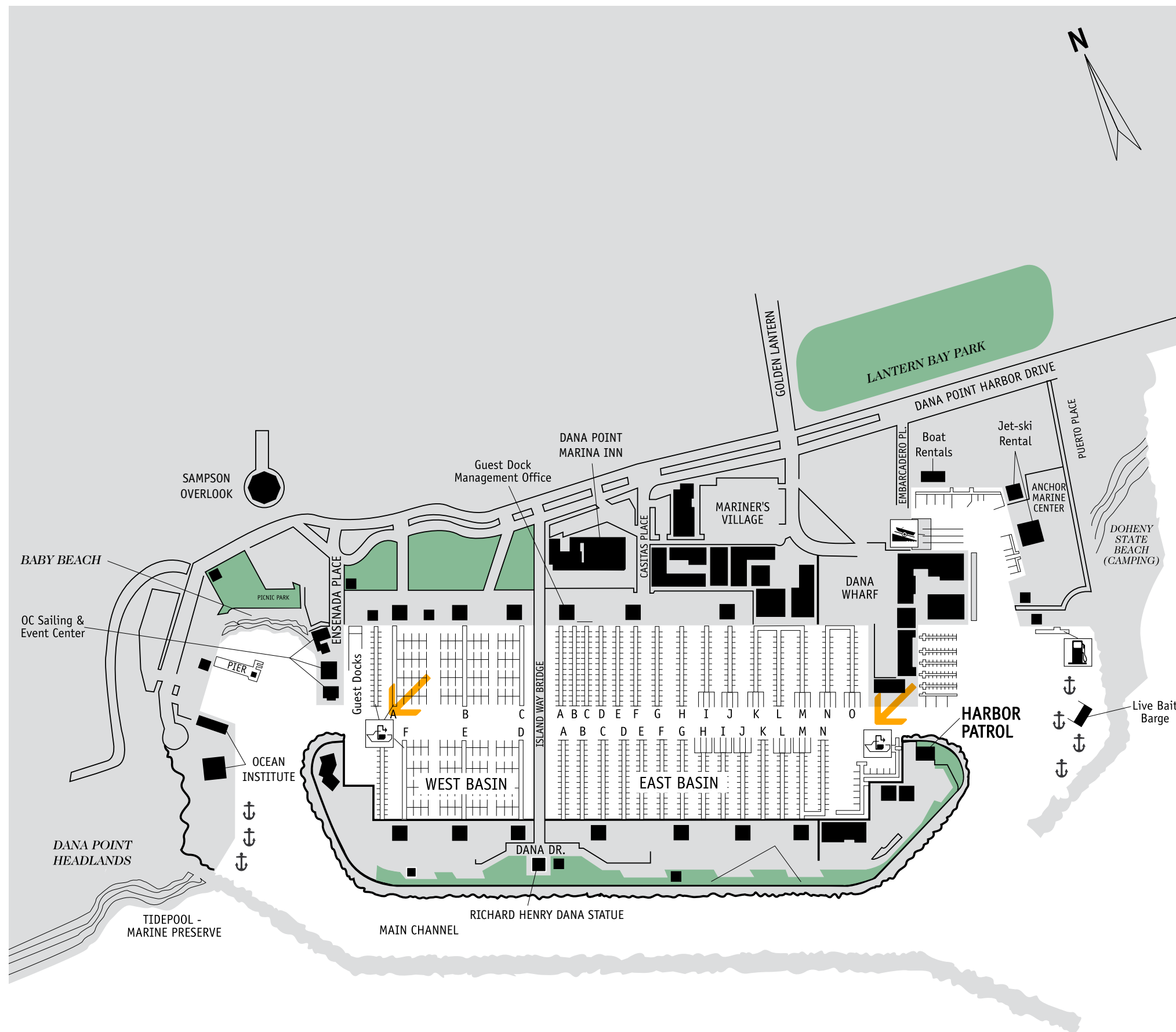


Pink sunset in Newport Harbor  
Photo by Jason Middlekauff



ORANGE — DANA POINT HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Dana West Marina, A dock side tie	Peristaltic	67	Operational	0	Non-Operational	55	Operational
Dana West Marina, F dock side tie	Peristaltic	69	Operational	59	Operational	52	Operational
Dana Point Marina, East Basin, Guest Dock, end tie	Peristaltic	51	Operational	51	Operational	45	Operational
OC Harbor Patrol	Peristaltic	N/A	Operational	-	Non-Accessible	59	Operational



Serene Dana Point cliffs with boats docked Photo by Pat Douglass





**SAN DIEGO COUNTY**

Oceanside Harbor  
Mission Bay

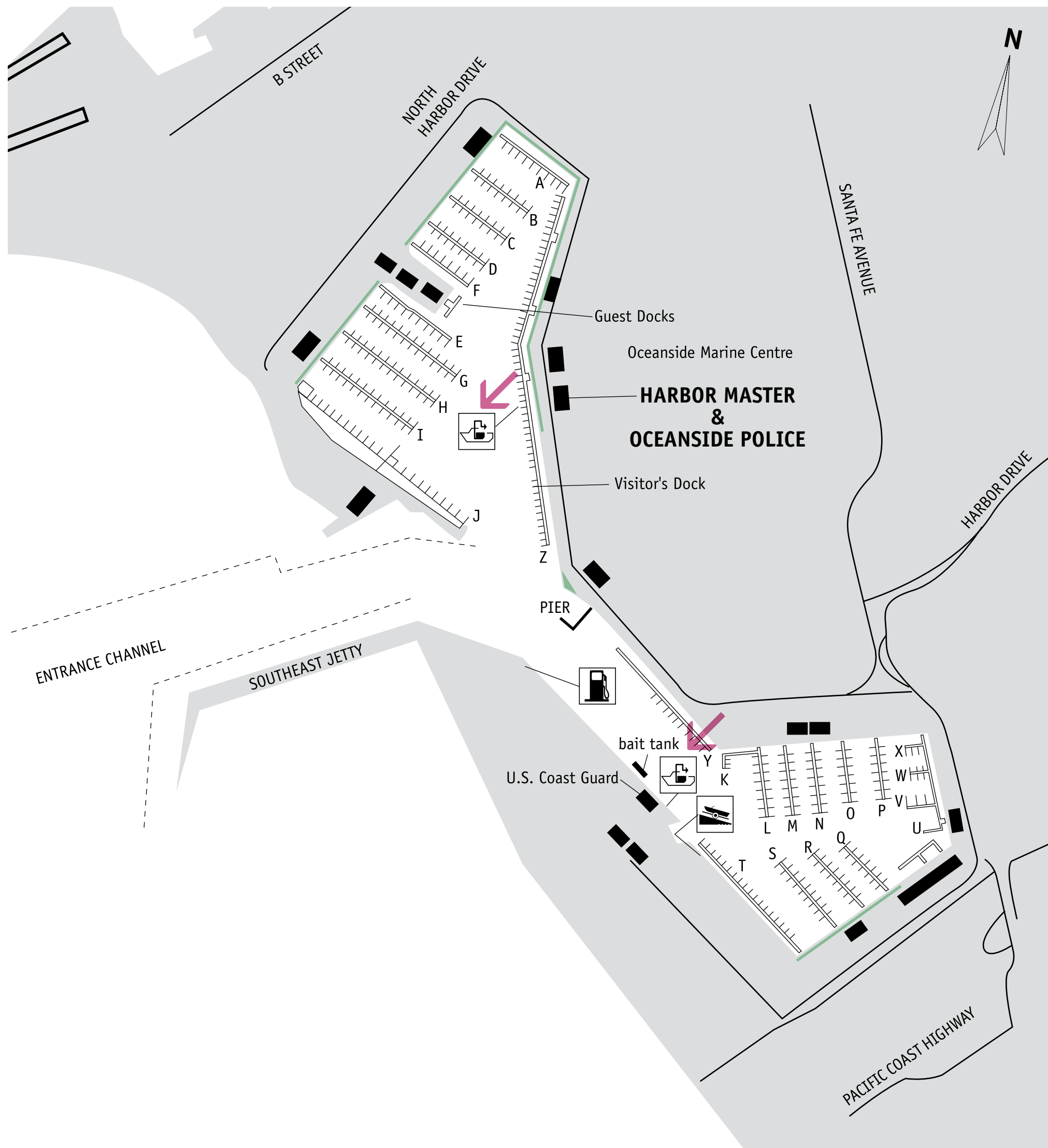
San Diego Bay / Shelter & Harbor Islands  
San Diego Bay / Glorietta Bay & South San Diego Bay

A view of downtown San Diego  
Photo by TBF



SAN DIEGO — OCEANSIDE HARBOR

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Department of Harbor and Beaches, Office	Peristaltic	96	Operational	96	Operational	84	Operational
U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary, far	Peristaltic	87	Operational	87	Operational	93	Operational
U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary, near	Peristaltic	91	Operational	91	Operational	71	Operational

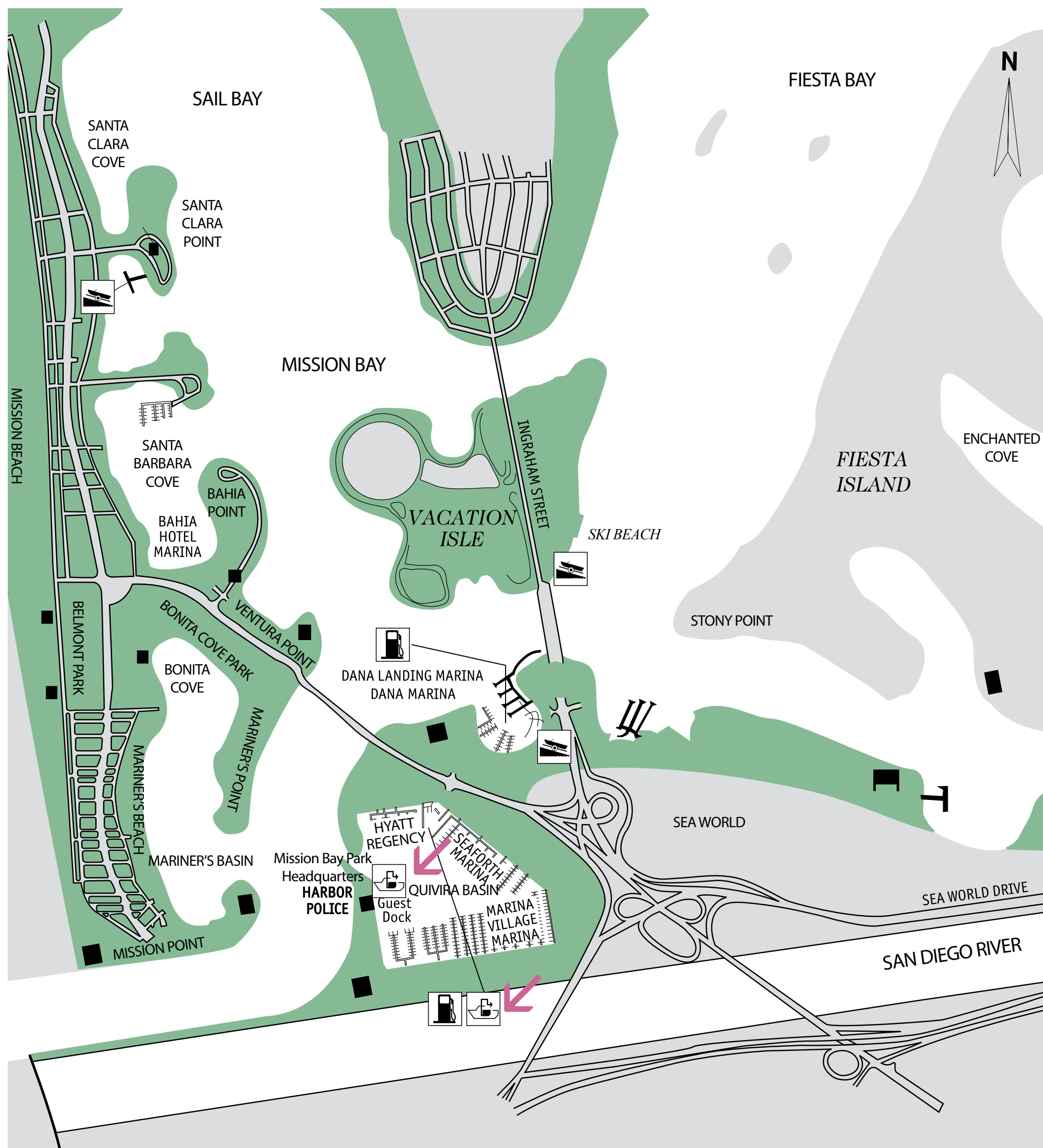


Majestic clouds approaching Oceanside Harbor  
Photo by TBF



SAN DIEGO — MISSION BAY

2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Hyatt Regency	Peristaltic	96	Operational	96	Operational	97	Operational
Mission Bay Park Headquarters, left	Peristaltic	33	Non-Operational	17	Non-Operational	92	Operational
Mission Bay Park Headquarters, right	Peristaltic	33	Non-Operational	0	Non-Operational	94	Operational

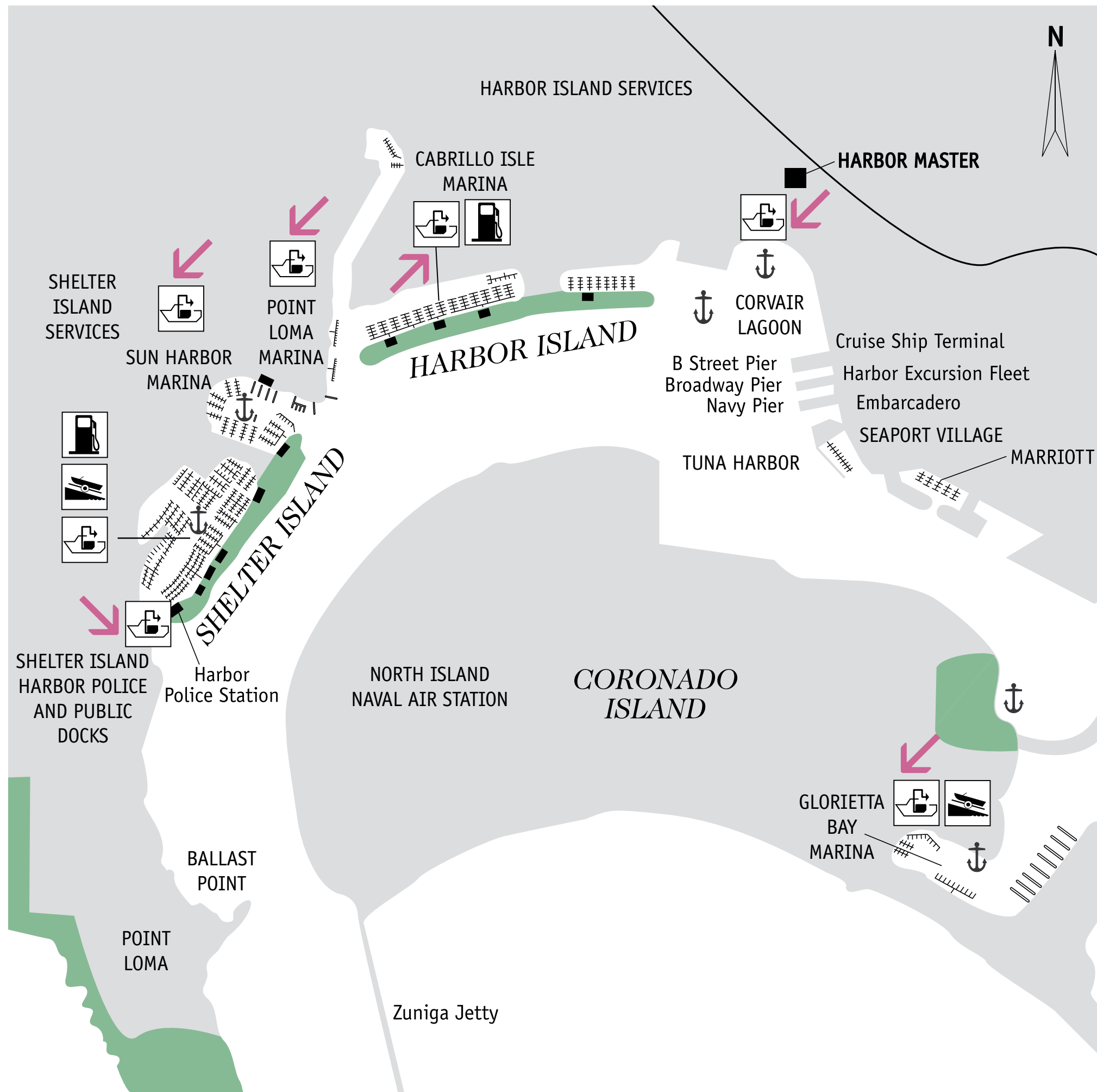


Mission Bay kayak and boats  
Photo by TBF



SAN DIEGO — **SAN DIEGO BAY** / Shelter & Harbor Islands

**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS**



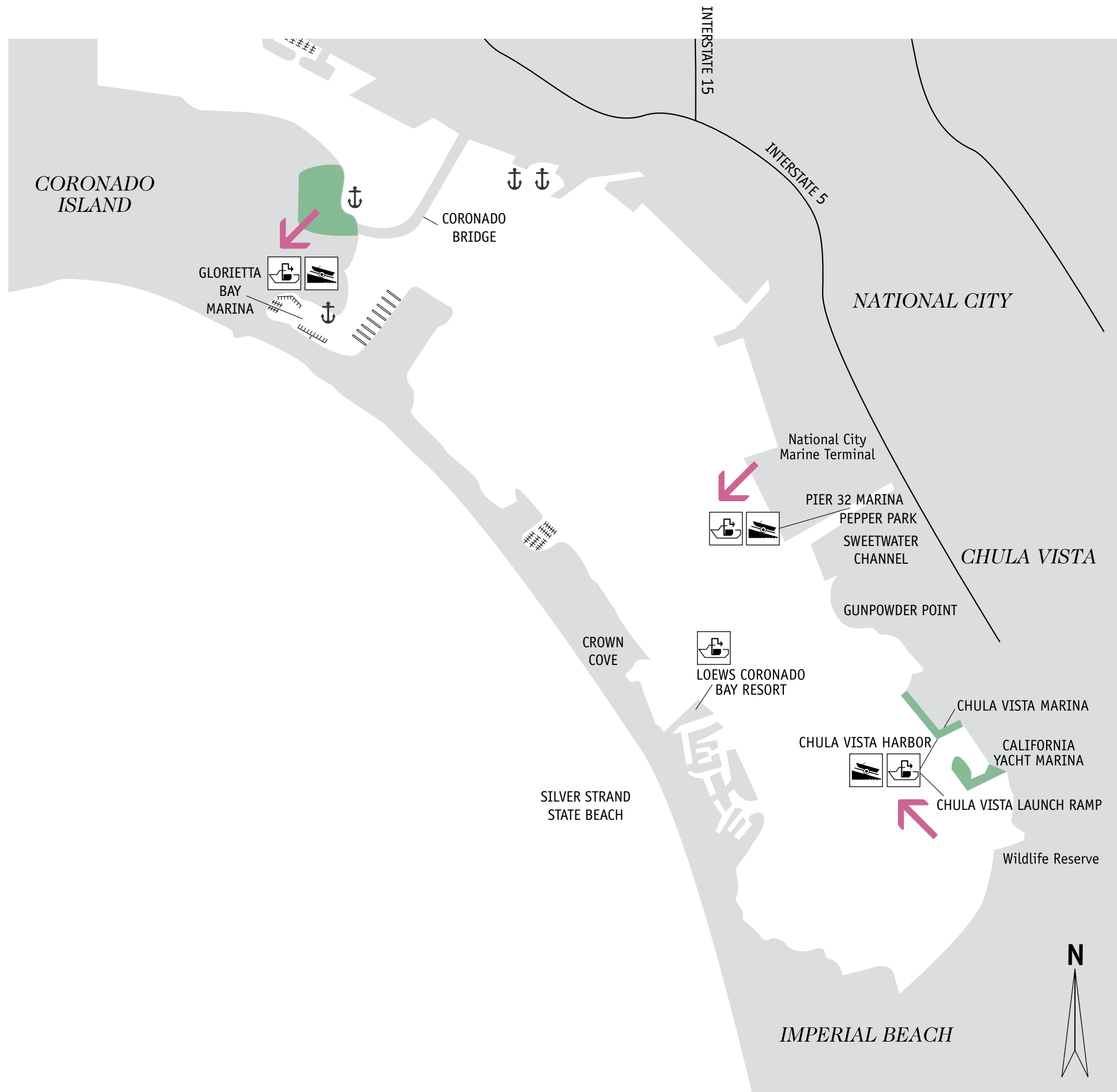
FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Laurel St. &amp; Harbor Dr. / airport</b>	Peristaltic	57	Non-Operational	94	Operational	94	Operational
<b>Shelter Island Harbor Police Dock, far</b>	Diaphragm	-	Non-Accessible	94	Operational	97	Operational
<b>Shelter Island Harbor Police Dock, near</b>	Diaphragm	70	Operational	83	Operational	94	Operational
<b>Shelter Island Public Dock, far</b>	Peristaltic	-	Non-Accessible	94	Operational	94	Operational
<b>Shelter Island Public Dock, near</b>	Peristaltic	91	Operational	94	Operational	97	Operational
<b>Sun Harbor Marina, near</b>	Peristaltic	97	Operational	97	Operational	97	Operational
<b>Sun Harbor Marina, far</b>	Peristaltic	83	Operational	83	Operational	78	Operational



Gloomy day in San Diego Bay  
Photo by TBF



SAN DIEGO — **SAN DIEGO BAY** / Glorietta Bay & South San Diego Bay



**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS**

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Chula Vista Launch Ramp</b>	Peristaltic	94	Operational	75	Operational	92	Operational
<b>Chula Vista Marina</b>	Peristaltic	-	Non-Accessible	-	Non-Accessible	66	Operational
<b>Glorietta Bay Marina, B dock left</b>	Peristaltic	84	Operational	65	Operational	57	Operational
<b>Glorietta Bay Marina, B dock right</b>	Peristaltic	84	Operational	76	Operational	33	Non-Operational
<b>Pepper Park Launch Ramp</b>	Peristaltic	44	Operational	50	Operational	94	Operational



Calm waters in San Diego Bay  
Photo by TBF



# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA 2023 DUMP STATION OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	MOTOR TYPE	SPRING	SUMMER	FALL
San Luis Obispo Morro Bay, Tidelands Park	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
Santa Barbara Harbor, Boat Launch	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
Santa Barbara Harbor, Marina One	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Non-Operational
Ventura Harbor, Ventura West Marina	Diaphragm	Operational	Operational	Operational
Huntington Harbor, Huntington Harbor Yacht Club, Fire Department	Diaphragm	Operational	Operational	Operational
Newport Harbor, Bayside Village Marina	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
San Diego Bay — Glorietta Bay & South San Diego, Glorietta Bay Marina, B dock	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational



TBF staff testing dump station operational status  
Photo by TBF



Bayside Village Marina dump station  
Photo by TBF

# NORTHERN CALIFORNIA



**SAN FRANCISCO'S NORTH BAY**  
 Benicia Marina  
 Glen Cove Marina  
 Loch Lomond Marina  
 Martinez Marina  
 Napa Valley Marina  
 Petaluma Marina  
 Pittsburg Marina  
 Suisun City Marina  
 Vallejo Municipal Marina

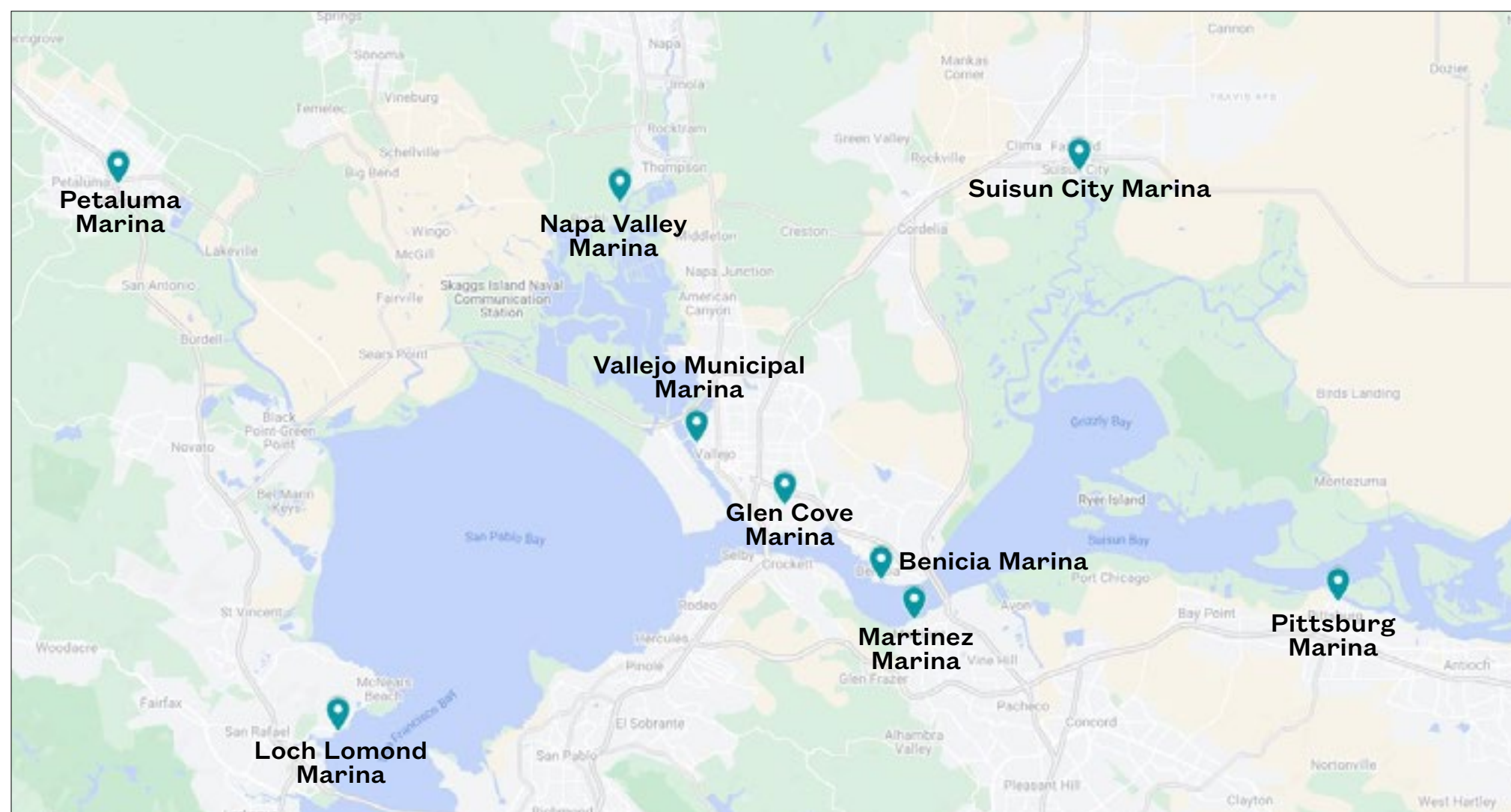
A sunny day view of Petaluma Marina  
Photo by Liz Juvera





SAN FRANCISCO — **NORTH BAY**

**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS**



Loch Lomond Marina  
Photo by SFEP

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Benicia Marina</b>	Peristaltic	56%	Operational	60%	Operational	65%	Operational
<b>Glen Cove Marina</b>	Peristaltic	28%	Non-operational	28%	Non-operational	83%	Operational
<b>Loch Lomond Marina, Fuel Dock North</b>	Peristaltic	92%	Operational	81%	Operational	75%	Operational
<b>Loch Lomond Marina, Fuel Dock South</b>	Peristaltic	69%	Operational	82%	Operational	83%	Operational
<b>Martinez Marina</b>	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	86%	Operational	-	Data unavailable
<b>Napa Valley Marina</b>	Diaphragm	89%	Operational	92%	Operational	92%	Operational
<b>Petaluma Marina</b>	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	92%	Operational	87%	Operational
<b>Pittsburg Marina, Fuel Dock North</b>	Peristaltic	78%	Operational	33%	Non-operational	76%	Operational
<b>Pittsburg Marina, Fuel Dock South</b>	Peristaltic	85%	Operational	33%	Non-operational	94%	Operational
<b>Pittsburg Marina, Guest Dock</b>	Peristaltic	85%	Operational	82%	Operational	60%	Operational
<b>Suisun City Marina</b>	Peristaltic	71%	Operational	72%	Operational	65%	Operational
<b>Vallejo Municipal Marina, Fuel Dock</b>	Peristaltic	-	Non-accessible	97%	Operational	93%	Operational
<b>Vallejo Municipal Marina, J Dock</b>	Peristaltic	-	Non-accessible	84%	Operational	87%	Operational



## SAN FRANCISCO'S EAST BAY

Ballena Isle Marina

Berkeley Marina

Emery Cove Yacht Harbor

Emeryville Marina

Grand Marina

Marina Bay Yacht Harbor

Marina Village Yacht Harbor

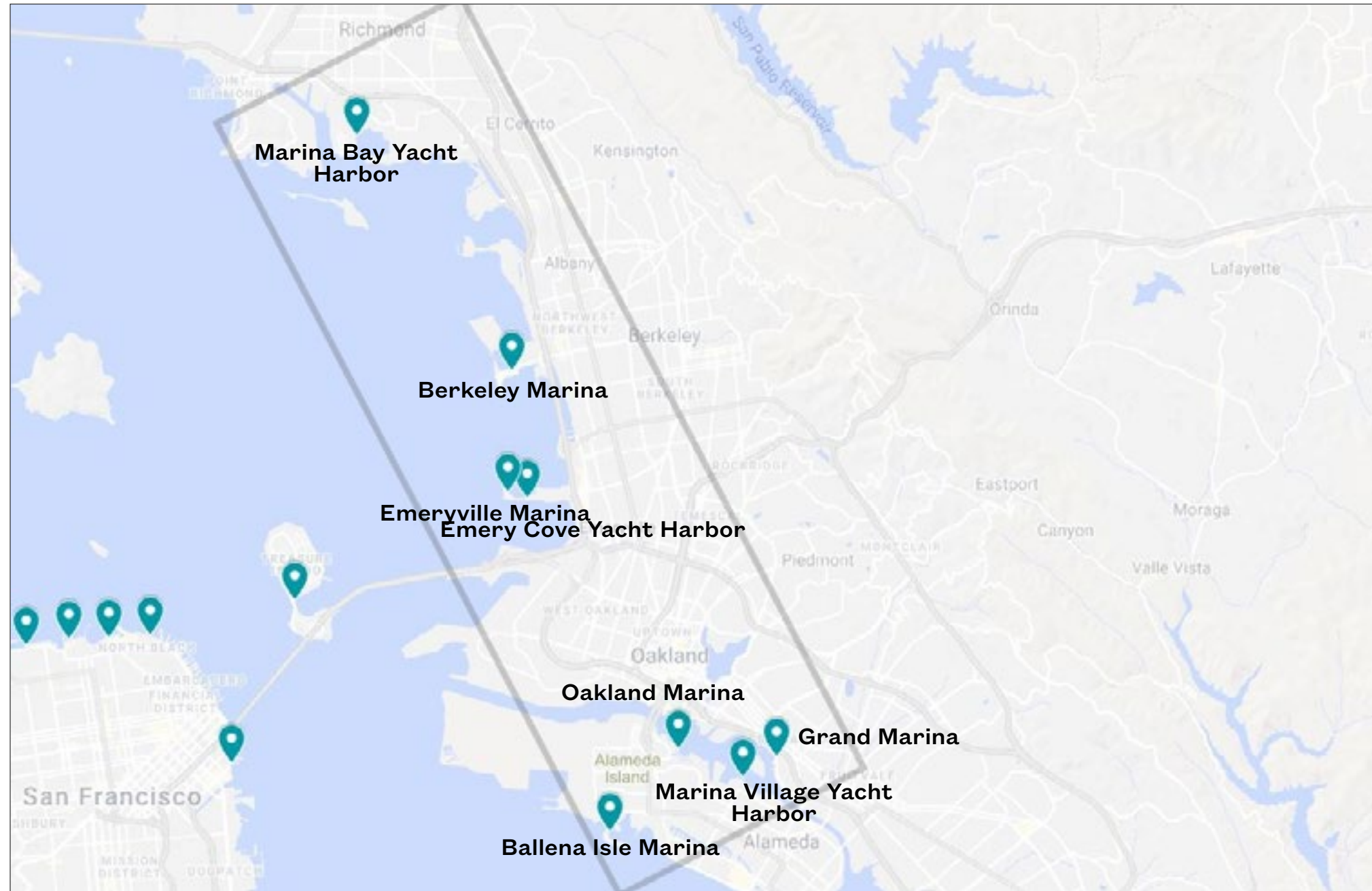
Oakland Marina

Boats berthed at Emery Cove Marina  
Photo by Liz Juvera



SAN FRANCISCO — **EAST BAY**

**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS**



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Ballena Isle Marina</b>	Peristaltic	74%	Operational	80%	Operational	80%	Operational
<b>Berkeley Marina, G Dock</b>	Peristaltic	50%	Operational	45%	Operational	58%	Operational
<b>Berkeley Marina, I Dock</b>	Peristaltic	92%	Operational	90%	Operational	92%	Operational
<b>Berkeley Marina, C Dock East</b>	Peristaltic	87%	Operational	87%	Operational	87%	Operational
<b>Berkeley Marina, C Dock West</b>	Peristaltic	33%	Non-operational	80%	Operational	33%	Non-operational
<b>Emery Cove Yacht Harbor, Dock A</b>	Peristaltic	75%	Operational	83%	Operational	81%	Operational
<b>Emery Cove Yacht Harbor, Dock S</b>	Peristaltic	71%	Operational	65%	Operational	78%	Operational
<b>Emeryville Marina</b>	Peristaltic	84%	Operational	75%	Operational	88%	Operational
<b>Grand Marina</b>	Peristaltic	87%	Operational	87%	Operational	87%	Operational
<b>Marina Bay Yacht Harbor, D Dock</b>	Peristaltic	82%	Operational	82%	Operational	78%	Operational
<b>Marina Bay Yacht Harbor, G Dock</b>	Peristaltic	77%	Operational	78%	Operational	84%	Operational
<b>Marina Village Yacht Harbor, Gate 8</b>	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	92%	Operational	92%	Operational
<b>Marina Village Yacht Harbor, Gate 10</b>	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	89%	Operational	89%	Operational
<b>Oakland Marina, Jack London Square</b>	Peristaltic	33%	Non-operational	86%	Operational	86%	Operational



Bright, cloudy day for berthers at Ballena Isle Marina  
Photo by Liz Juvera



**SAN FRANCISCO'S WEST BAY**

Clipper Yacht Harbor

Fisherman's Wharf

Galilee Harbor

Marina Plaza Harbor

Pier 39 Marina

Richardson Bay Marina

San Francisco Marina — Gashouse Cove

San Francisco Marina — West Harbor

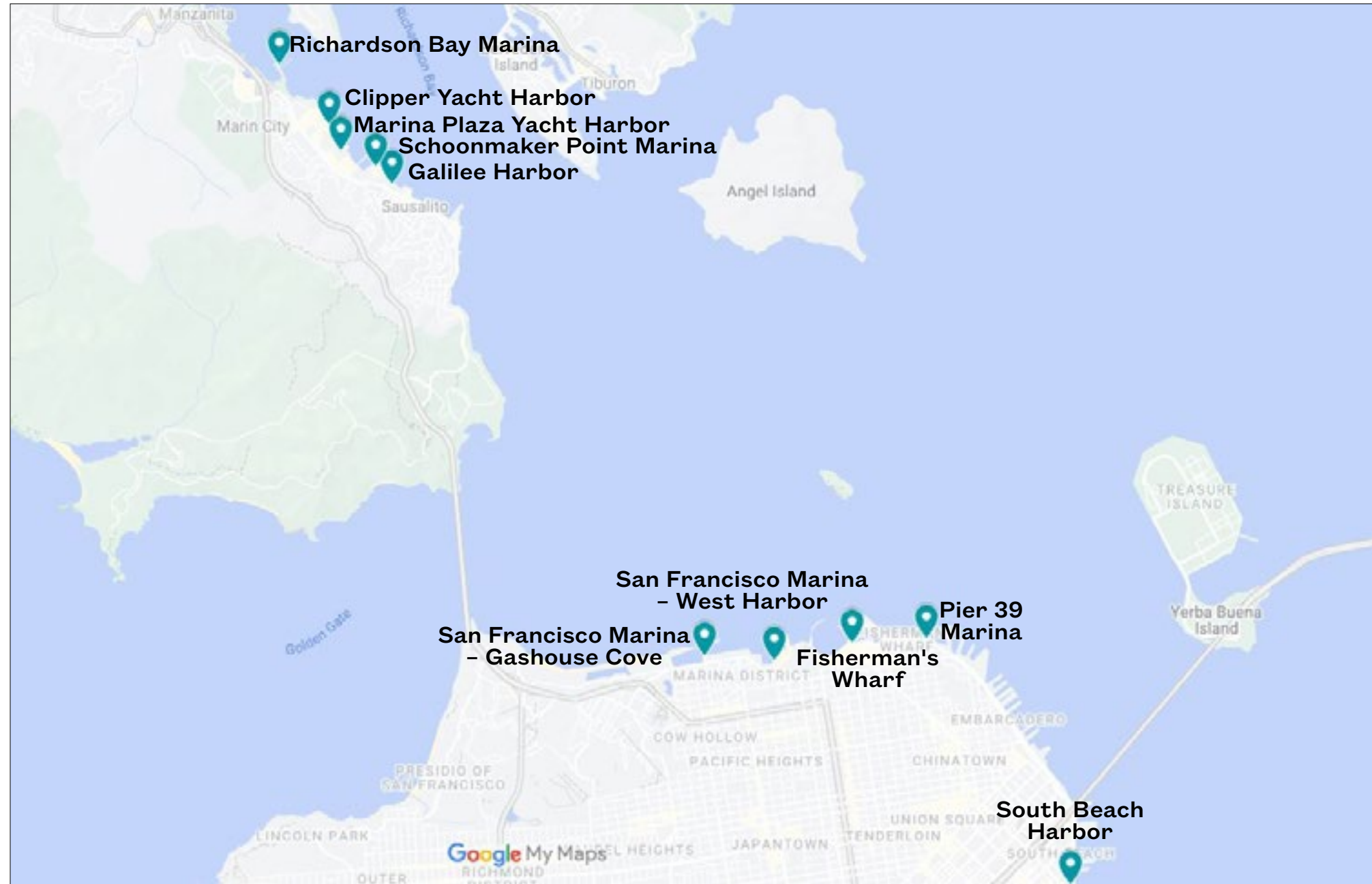
Schoonmaker Point Marina

South Beach Yacht Harbor

A view from Richardson Bay Marina  
Photo by SFEP



SAN FRANCISCO — WEST BAY



2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Clipper Yacht Harbor	Peristaltic	97%	Operational	91%	Operational	94%	Operational
Fisherman's Wharf	Peristaltic	17%	Non-operational	17%	Non-operational	17%	Non-operational
Galilee Harbor	Diaphragm	86%	Operational	83%	Operational	81%	Operational
Marina Plaza Harbor	Peristaltic	81%	Operational	88%	Operational	73%	Operational
Pier 39 Marina	Peristaltic	92%	Operational	-	Non-accessible	92%	Non-accessible
Richardson Bay Marina	Peristaltic	33%	Non-operational	94%	Operational	90%	Operational
San Francisco Marina - Gashouse Cove	Peristaltic	93%	Operational	33%	Non-operational	33%	Non-accessible
San Francisco Marina - West Harbor	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	94%	Operational	94%	Operational
Schoonmaker Point Marina	Peristaltic	90%	Operational	88%	Operational	85%	Operational
South Beach Yacht Harbor	Peristaltic	96%	Operational	93%	Operational	84%	Operational



The San Francisco downtown skyline  
Photo by SFEP



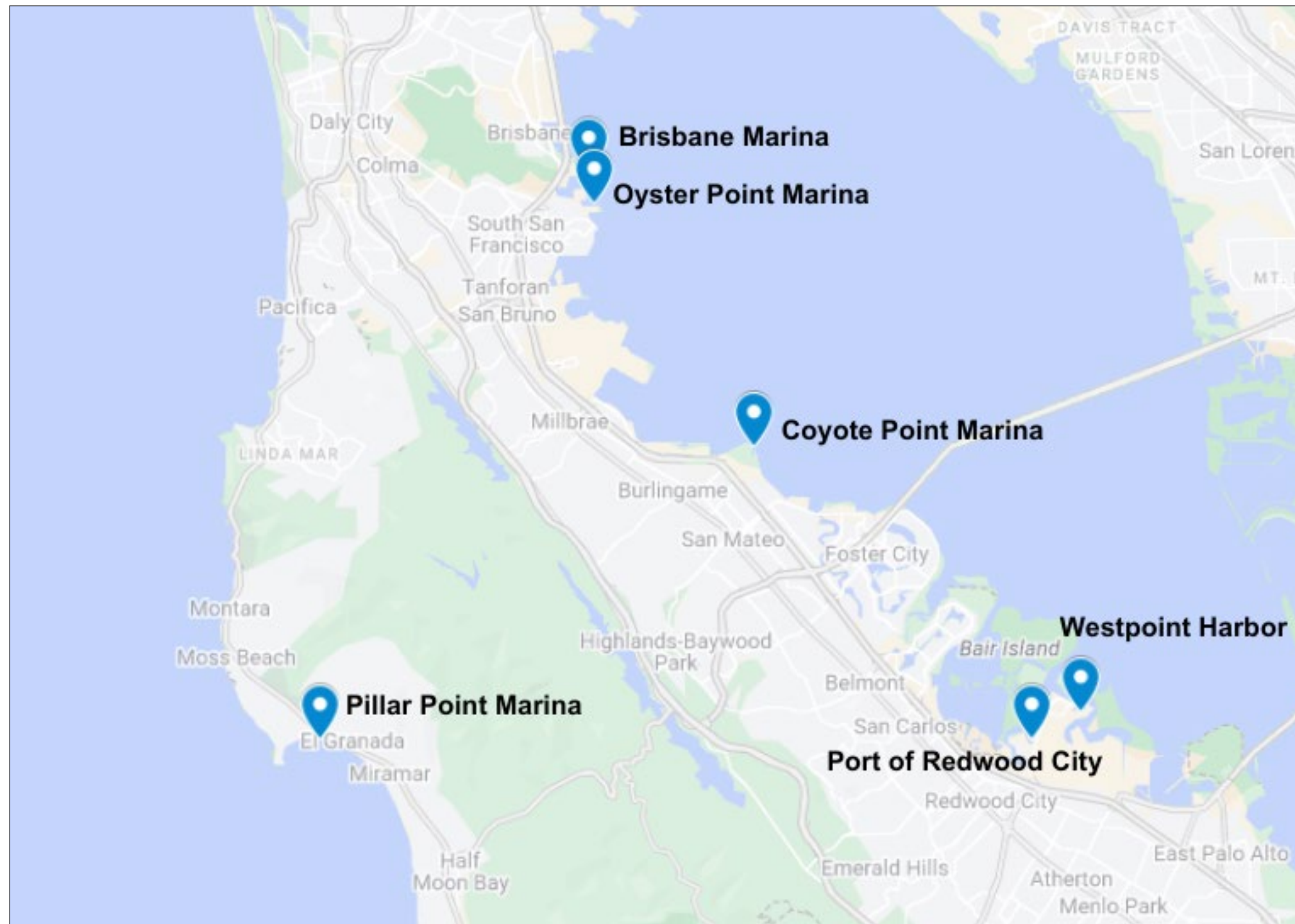
## SAN FRANCISCO'S SOUTH BAY

- Brisbane Marina
- Coyote Point Marina
- Oyster Point Marina
- Pillar Point Marina
- Port of Redwood City
- Westpoint Harbor

Boats berthed at Westpoint Harbor  
Photo by SFEP



SAN FRANCISCO — **SOUTH BAY**

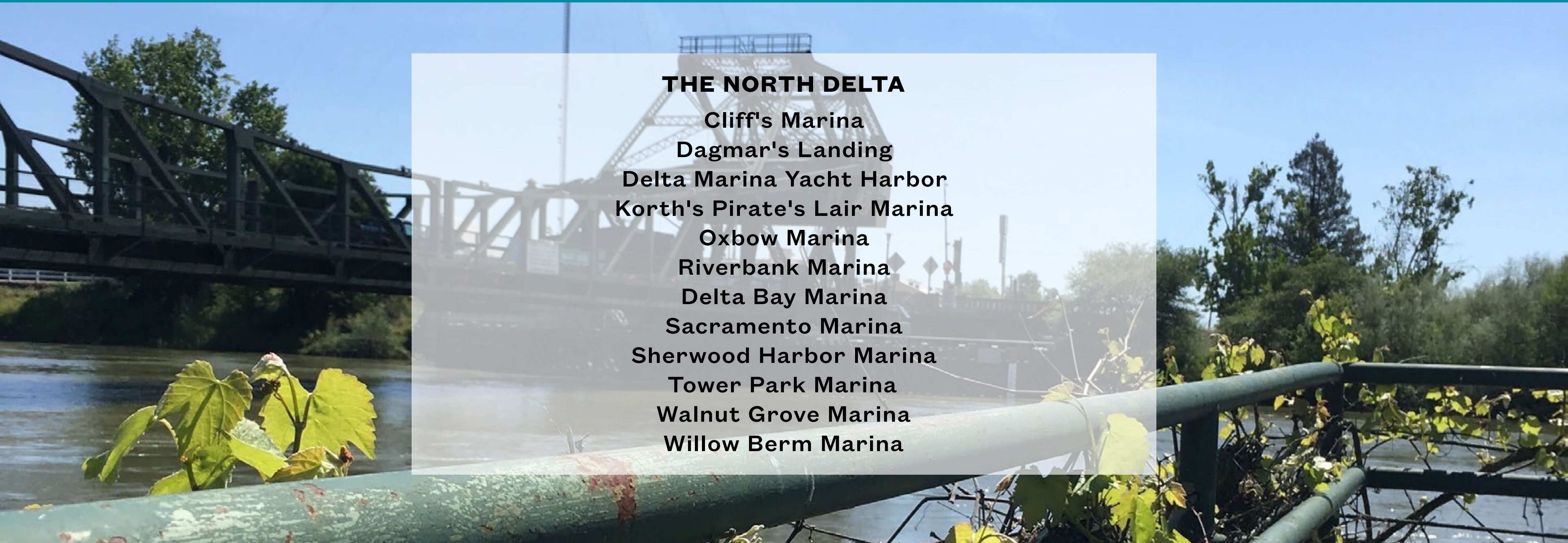


**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND OPERATIONAL STATUS**

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Brisbane Marina</b>	Peristaltic	88%	Operational	90%	Operational	91%	Operational
<b>Coyote Point Marina</b>	Peristaltic	-	Non-accessible	84%	Operational	84%	Operational
<b>Oyster Point Marina</b>	Vacuum	61%	Operational	-	Data Unavailable	62%	Operational
<b>Pillar Point Marina</b>	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	94%	Operational	94%	Operational
<b>Port of Redwood City</b>	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	94%	Operational	92%	Operational
<b>Westpoint Harbor</b>	Peristaltic	48%	Operational	61%	Operational	68%	Operational



Scene of boat jibs high in the sky  
Photo by SFEP



## **THE NORTH DELTA**

- Cliff's Marina**
- Dagmar's Landing**
- Delta Marina Yacht Harbor**
- Korth's Pirate's Lair Marina**
- Oxbow Marina**
- Riverbank Marina**
- Delta Bay Marina**
- Sacramento Marina**
- Sherwood Harbor Marina**
- Tower Park Marina**
- Walnut Grove Marina**
- Willow Berm Marina**

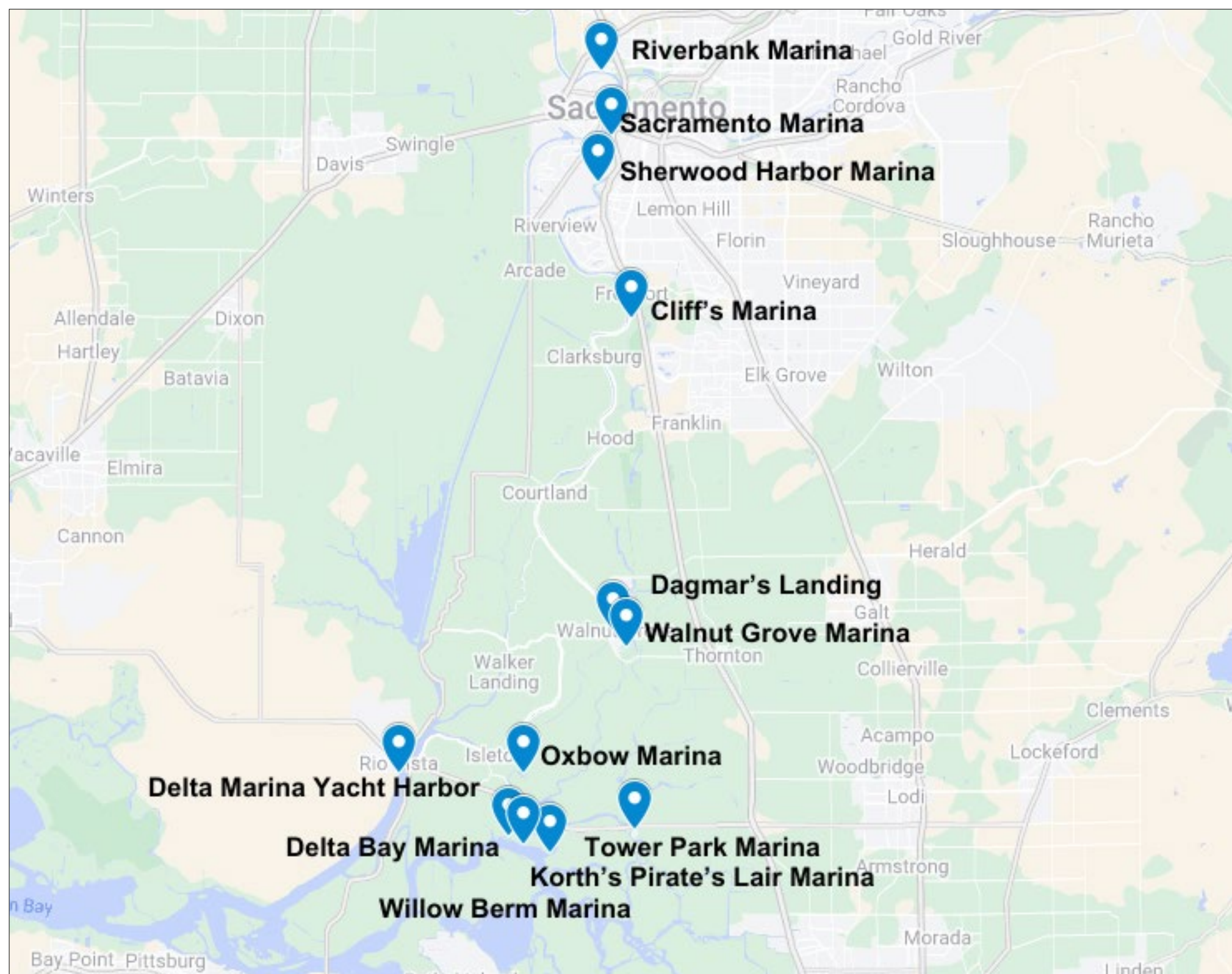
A view of a bridge overpass in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta region  
Photo by Natasha Dunn





SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN RIVER DELTA — **NORTH DELTA**

**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND STATUS**



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Cliff's Marina	Diaphragm	68%	Operational	71%	Operational	65%	Operational
Dagmar's Landing	Diaphragm	86%	Operational	92%	Operational	83%	Operational
Delta Bay Marina	Peristaltic	84%	Operational	81%	Operational	-	Non-accessible
Delta Marina Yacht Harbor	Peristaltic	33%	Non-operational	33%	Non-operational	33%	Non-operational
Korth's Pirate's Lair Marina	Peristaltic	89%	Operational	78%	Operational	87%	Operational
Oxbow Marina	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	85%	Operational	82%	Operational
Riverbank Marina	Peristaltic	86%	Operational	89%	Operational	86%	Operational
Sacramento Marina	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	94%	Operational	86%	Operational
Sherwood Harbor Marina	Peristaltic	97%	Operational	93%	Operational	94%	Operational
Tower Park Marina	Peristaltic	55%	Operational	63%	Operational	64%	Operational
Walnut Grove Marina	Peristaltic	78%	Operational	83%	Operational	69%	Operational
Willow Berm Marina, Fuel Dock North	Vacuum	78%	Operational	81%	Operational	75%	Operational
Willow Berm Marina, Fuel Dock South	Vacuum	87%	Operational	85%	Operational	75%	Operational



A small rowboat tied to a dock on calm waters  
Photo by Natasha Dunn



## THE SOUTH DELTA

- Bethel Harbor
- Discovery Bay Yacht Harbor
- Driftwood Marina
- Eddo's Harbor
- King Island Resort
- Lauritzen Yacht Harbor
- Paradise Point Marina
- River Point Landing
- Stockton Downtown Marina
- Stockton Yacht Club
- Sugar Barge Resort
- Tiki Lagoon Resort
- Village West Marina

An empty boat ramp alongside houses on a levee in the Delta  
Photo by Natasha Dunn



SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN RIVER DELTA — **SOUTH DELTA**

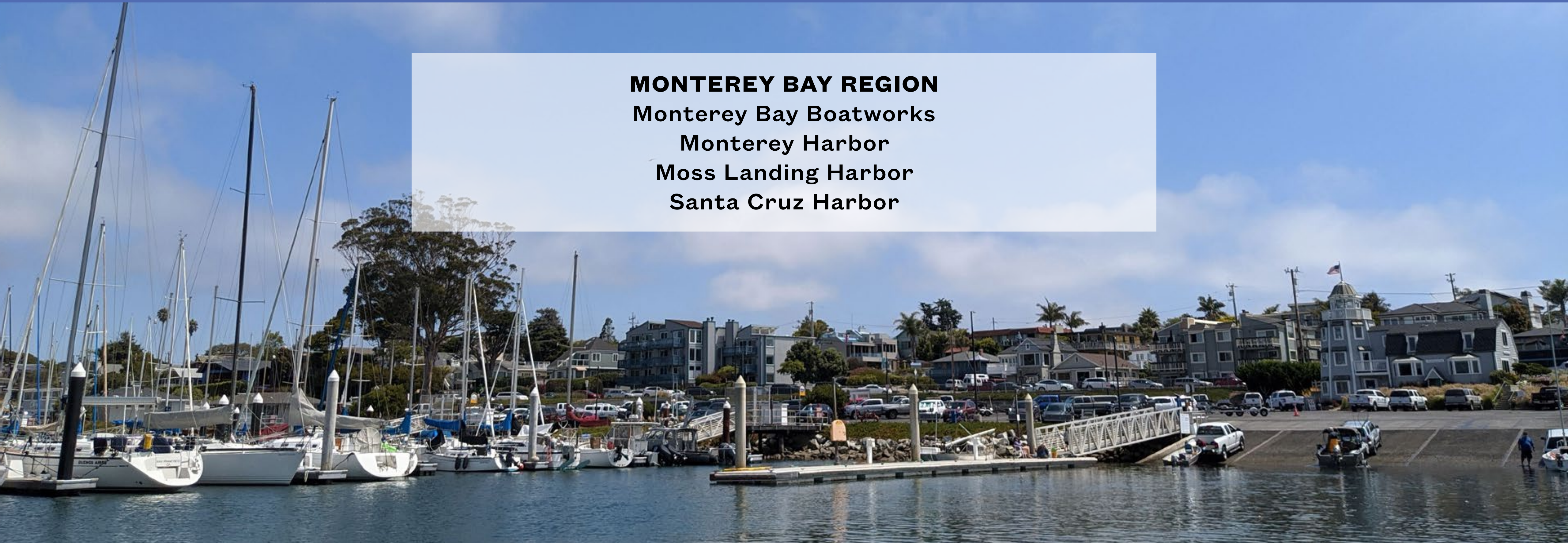
**2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND STATUS**



FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
<b>Bethel Harbor, Service Dock East</b>	Peristaltic	81%	Operational	81%	Operational	81%	Operational
<b>Bethel Harbor, Service Dock West</b>	Peristaltic	84%	Operational	84%	Operational	82%	Operational
<b>Discovery Bay Yacht Harbor</b>	Diaphragm	69%	Operational	69%	Operational	56%	Non-operational
<b>Driftwood Marina</b>	Peristaltic	100%	Operational	97%	Operational	98%	Operational
<b>Eddo's Harbor</b>	Diaphragm	76%	Operational	83%	Operational	79%	Operational
<b>King Island Resort</b>	Peristaltic	0	Non-operational	0	Non-operational	0	Non-operational
<b>Lauritzen Yacht Harbor, Fuel Dock East</b>	Peristaltic	84%	Operational	72%	Operational	80%	Operational
<b>Lauritzen Yacht Harbor, Fuel Dock West</b>	Peristaltic	85%	Operational	79%	Operational	80%	Operational
<b>River Point Landing</b>	Vacuum	75%	Operational	75%	Non-accessible	76%	Operational
<b>Stockton Downtown Marina</b>	Peristaltic	22%	Non-operational	93%	Operational	49%	Non-operational
<b>Stockton Yacht Club</b>	Peristaltic	77%	Operational	89%	Operational	66%	Non-operational
<b>Sugar Barge Resort</b>	Diaphragm	84%	Operational	33%	Non-operational	50%	Non-operational
<b>Tiki Lagoon Resort</b>	Vacuum	28%	Non-operational	28%	Non-operational	28%	Non-operational
<b>Village West Marina</b>	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	84%	Operational	84%	Operational



Serene waters and willow-lined banks in the Delta  
Photo by Natasha Dunn

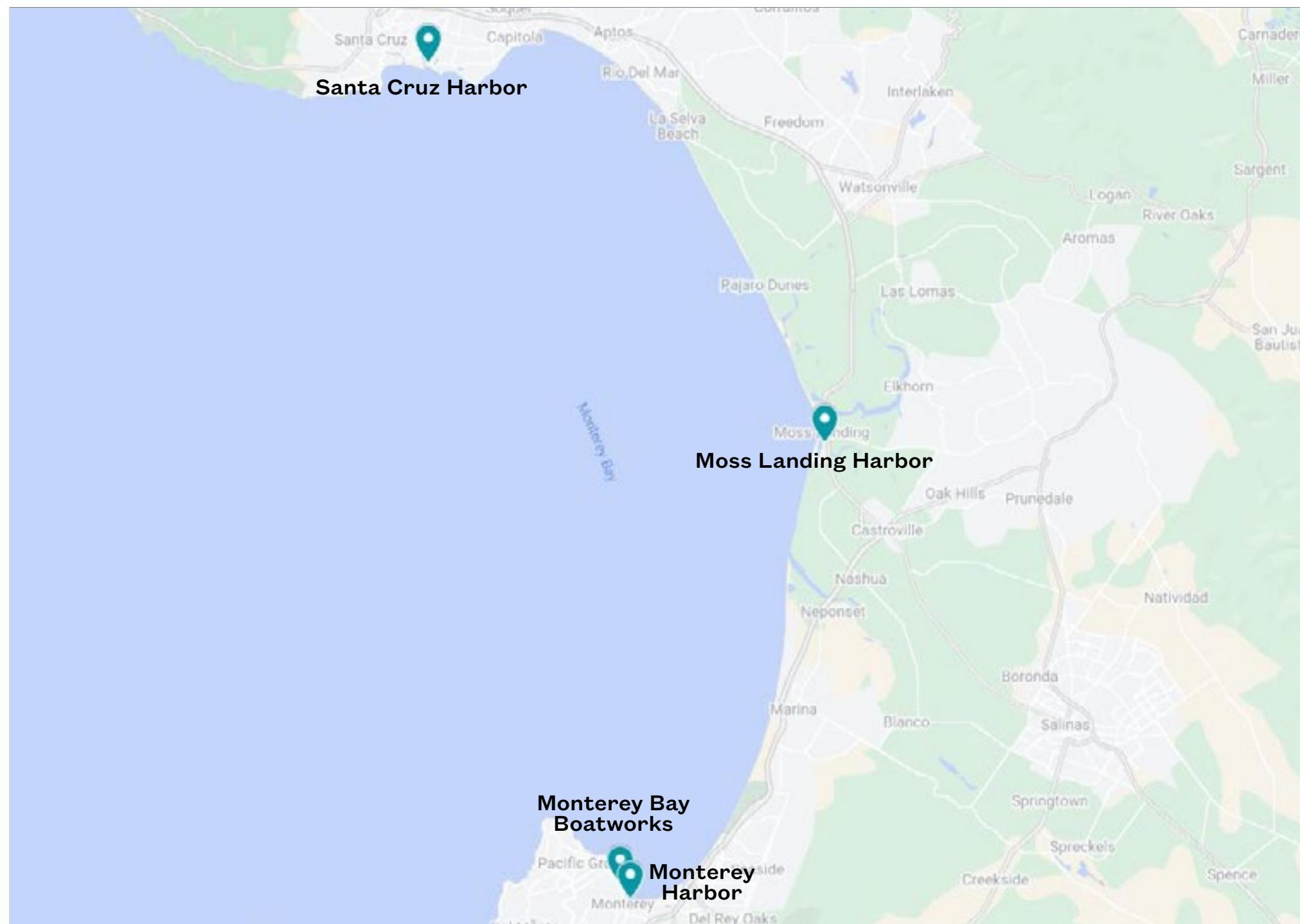


**MONTEREY BAY REGION**  
**Monterey Bay Boatworks**  
**Monterey Harbor**  
**Moss Landing Harbor**  
**Santa Cruz Harbor**

A busy boat ramp at the Santa Cruz Harbor  
Photo by Liz Juvera



## MONTEREY BAY — MONTEREY PENINSULA AND SANTA CRUZ HARBOR



## 2023 PUMPOUT USABILITY SNAPSHOT AND STATUS

FACILITY	PUMP TYPE	SPRING		SUMMER		FALL	
		USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS	USABILITY SNAPSHOT (%)	OPERATIONAL STATUS
Monterey Bay Boatworks	Peristaltic	94%	Operational	33%	Non-operational	17%	Non-operational
Monterey Harbor	Peristaltic	92%	Operational	92%	Operational	92%	Operational
Moss Landing Harbor	Peristaltic	60%	Operational	62%	Operational	78%	Operational
Santa Cruz Harbor	Peristaltic	92%	Operational	94%	Operational	89%	Operational



Commercial fishing boats parked in the Monterey Harbor  
Photo by Liz Juvera



# NORTHERN CALIFORNIA 2023 DUMP STATION OPERATIONAL STATUS



FACILITY	MOTOR TYPE	SPRING	SUMMER	FALL
Brisbane Marina	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
Loch Lomand Marina	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
Moss Landing	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Operational
Oyster Point	Unknown	Operational	Operational	Operational
Pillar Point	Peristaltic	Non-Operational	Non-Operational	No data available
Riverbank Marina	Peristaltic	Non-Operational	Non-Operational	Non-Operational
Stockton Downtown Marina	Peristaltic	Operational	Operational	Non-Operational
Sugar Barge Marina	Peristaltic	Non-Operational	Non-Operational	Non-Operational



Wind turbines and dramatic clouds stun while out monitoring in the Delta  
Photo by Natasha Dunn



Boats berthed at the Santa Cruz Harbor  
Photo by Liz Juvera



## RESOURCES

### CALIFORNIA STATE PARKS DIVISION OF BOATING AND WATERWAYS

[www.dbw.ca.gov](http://www.dbw.ca.gov)

### SAN FRANCISCO ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP

[www.sfestuary.org/boating](http://www.sfestuary.org/boating)

### THE BAY FOUNDATION

<https://www.santamonicabay.org/what-we-do/projects/clean-boating>

### PUMPOUT NAV APP

#### iOS

<https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/pumpout-nav-marina-pumpout-finder/id1148752109?mt=8>

#### Android

<https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.ecom.cleavessel&hl=en>

### MOBILE PUMPOUT COMPANIES

<https://dbw.parks.ca.gov/mobileservices>